# THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BOSTON, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1975

Kennedy: still threat . . .

**Dunning** 

**Uncle Sam** 

for old bills

By Robert P. Hey

- Inion supplies by meeting a Con-

and Frederick still is trying to get its

· Congress receives a number of such

equests from time to time, some for

ven older debts. During the Revolu-

nuch of the colonial effort. But after

he war the fledgling nation did not

epay him; its economy was severely

rimped by the twin ravages of

erious inflation and high unemploy-

: Periodically Morris descendants

etition Congress to repay the out-

tanding Morris loans. They haven't

On another level are the gener-

tions-old Indian protests against

undreds of broken treaties with the

'hite man's government in Washing-

m. Despite some recent successes.

nost Indian efforts have failed to get

incle Sam to live up to his promises.

All of this helps, explain why the

arrent effort is unlikely to regain

rederick its money: It would set a

ecedent that could open the flood-

ites for similar pleas, at a time

hen the U.S. is looking for ways to

The events behind the Frederick

quest began July 9, 1864, when Gen.

bai A. Early, commander of 20,000

infederate troops, rode into defense-

ss Frederick - some 45 miles

irthwest of Washington - and de-

anded \$200,000. Otherwise, it was

iplied, important federal military

million and \$1.5 million would be

After negotiations, Union-supporter

ederick met the demand, and the

pplies went untouched. The drawn-

it talks served another purpose:

vey delayed by a day a Confederate

fort to capture Washington by ad-

uncing from the north, enabling

resident Lincoln to reinforce de-

uses along his northern perimeter.

Sen. Charles Mc. Mathias, a Fred-

ick resident and expert on local

story, thinks "the time has come for

3 federal government to reimburse

ederick. The federal government

ould pay Frederick value for the

lue it received as a result of the

Where to look

10

triotic acts of this city."

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'id hospital supplies worth between

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ionary War.Robert Morris financed 😁

noney back from Uncle Sam.

nent. (Sound familiar?)

ucceeded, either.

lm expenditures.

AN INTERNATIONAL DAILY NEWSPAPER

INTERNATIONAL EDITION 6P IS ELSEWHERE

Democratic deadlock—and draft—seen as possible

# Ford eyes Kennedy as '76 rival

By Godfrey Sperling Jr. Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

President Ford clearly is not ruling out the possibility that Sen. Edward M. Kennedy will be his opponent in

Mr. Ford, who now seems bent on running next year no matter what happens to the economy, is known to feel that the Massachusetts Senator may very well be drafted by the Democratic Party — despite the Sherman-like Kennedy assertion that he will under no circumstances be a candidate in 1976.

Further, the President views Senator Kennedy as most formidable opponent — despite Chappaquiddick. The President sees a prospect of a deadlock at the Democratic National Convention, out of which would come a call which Senator Kennedy could not resist.

Personal problems noted

Mr. Ford knows that Mr. Kennedy has personal problems — and he is sympathetic with the Kennedy decision not to run under these circumstances. But Mr. Ford, as a political realist, does see a

possibility, if not a likelihood, that Senator Kennedy will get an offer next year that he simply cannot say "no" to. While the President would not want to single out his 'toughest" potential opponent, those who consult with Mr. Ford daily on political matters say that a Kennedy-Jackson ticket would be the strongest opposition the Democrats could put up next year.

Food price cuts doubted

By Lucia Mouat

Staff correspondent of

The Christian Science Monitor

U.S. consumers hoping that the current flurry of antitrust activity in

Such is the sober assessment of some of the economists, lawyers,

and consumer advocates keeping close watch over the food-oriented

investigations launched by both the Justice Department's antitrust

come of it all." says one economist. "For every complaint issued in the

the distribution line for food - even at the beginning stages - much of

the job is concentrated in the hands of a few firms and that such

But President Ford has pledged "vigorous" enforcement of antitrust

laws - recently made tougher by Congress - as an important weapon in the fight against inflation-recession. The result is a high level of

"Much as I wish otherwise, I just don't think anything is going to

Also, there is wide agreement these days on the theory that all along

division and the Federal Trade Commission [FTC].

concentration almost always breeds higher prices.

food industry, there's been one dismissed."

the food area will lead to lower supermarket prices may be in for a

\*Please turn to Page 4



... to Ford candidacy?

the Syrian front.

Criticism and support

# Congress vs. Ford on pump priming

Jobless picture perils President's energy plan; the economy overshadows other issues

By Richard L. Strout Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Washington

Deepening apprehension over the U.S. economic outlook has hardened Democratic response to President Ford's tax-energy package. Some Republicans also are wavering.

Washington reappraises the whole situation, political and economic, after one of the most candid - and bleakest - administration budget projections in history. The projection got immediate validation, seemingly, in the January jump of unemployment to 8.2 percent - the worst since

Democrats and labor groups say the White House forecast of three years of unemployment hovering around 8 percent is simply "unacceptable." They demand more pump

Faster inflation ahead

Administration spokesmen, on the other hand, point to the huge two-year federal deficits already budgeted and warn against possible faster inflation ahead. More comfortingly, however, Treasury Secretary William E. Simon and Alan Greenspan, chairman of the Council of Economic Advisers, say the last-minute budget forecasts are merely "projections" that are apt to be modified.

Federal Reserve Board chairman Arthur F. Burns takes a more optimistic view of the situation. He not only says the recession may not last much longer but attacks the budget projections: "Why do people put out figures like that when they don't know what they are talking about?"

President Ford, it is understood, did not see the figures until just before they became public.

Separation urged

Dr. Burns urges Congress to separate the energy program from the tax recovery program and delay the

voted to do this by a big margin. Onethird of the Republicans joined the majority.

Crusty AFL-CIO chief George Meany on CBS-TV's "Face the Nation" Sunday cited unemployment and said, "I just don't think the American public will take it.'

"I don't think the White House or the Congress realize the dimensions of the problem," he continued. "We're past the recession stage. We're going into depression."

The mood here lacks the virulent partisanship sometimes found in White House-Congress clashes. There is genuine liking for Mr. Ford on all

But a recent Harris poll showed that only 11 percent of the public were satisfied that he could manage the economy. He got overall a 60 to 36 negative rating. Somewhat the same \*Please turn to Page 4

### MANAGING OUR PLANET Pattern for survival

More and more people are concerned that the world is getting too small for the growing millions of men and women who live in it. Will there be enough food to go around? Will enough fresh air be left to breathe? Monitor correspondent Takashi Oka has been on three continents to see what governments are doing about this problem. The first of his five reports appears on the first page of the second section.

# Israel sees Kissinger talks risky

By Francis Ofner Special correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Tel Aviv, Israel Israelis believe that whatever turn Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger's talks with Israeli leaders take the week, there will be risks involved for Israel.

If progress is not made toward another withdrawal on the Sinai front, that como-spell the end of the dominant role the U.S. — a friend of Israel - has had since the 1973 Arab-Israeli Washington war in the search for a Middle East Nearly 110 years ago the little peace. Negotiations would then also faryly of Productic savety containing a suffer to Geneva, where the Middle East peace conference Geneva, the Soviet Union and possibly as a formal declaration of non-bellige-

long wait.

Tel Aviv ties withdrawal to peace pledge but says Soviet arms may embolden Cairo

France would have a role - and both are deemed here hostile to Israel.

If Dr. Kissinger does make progress in his talks in Israel and later in Egypt, that might be possible only at the price of significant Israeli with drawals in Sinai. At stake are that important Mitla and Giddi passes and the Abu Rudeis oil field, all held by Israel since the war of 1967.

What worries Israelis is that Egypt tian President Sadat has said he is not prepared to pay a price for these will brawals. Is rest has maisted man erto that to secure Israeli withdrawal, Egypt must pay a political price si

written Egyptian commitment of nonbelligerence.

Ar. Rabin's offer met with strongly worded criticism in some influential termed the proposal "a tactical mistake," others "an ill-timed disclosure of the government's negotiating posi-

> supporting voices, praising the Prime Minister for his "sober realism." Additional difficulties stem here from President Sadat's repeated demand to tie any new Egyptian-Israel accord to Israeli arrangements with Syria and the Palestine Liberation

tion." There were, however, also

rence toward Israel. One of Israel's

aims is to avoid war on the Egyptian

front if hostilities should break out on

Only last Friday, Israeli Prime

Minister Yitzhak Rabin reiterated

that Israel would be ready to with-

draw from both the Abu Rudeis oil

field and from the passes against a

Organization (PLO). The most outspoken Israeli doubter of President Sadat's peaceful intent is Defense Minister Shimon Peres. He said Saturday that the Egyptian President was "serious and sincere" when stating that he was not ready to make political concessions to Israel.

'For export only'

Mr. Peres said reports about disagreement between the Soviet Union and Egypt were "for export only especially for American con-sumption." In the past few weeks, he said, new arms deals had been signed by the two countries.

Since her surprise victory over

former Prime Minister Edward

"I believe we should judge people

on merit and not on backgrounds,"

hardest should get the greatest re-

wards and keep them after tax.

## Prisons go coed-but mostly out of economic necessity By Clayton Jones

Staff writer of

The Christian Science Monitor

Many U.S. prisons are going coed to cut costs. Running separate prisons for women, who make up only 4 percent

of all inmates, can be expensive. So, many states are putting men and women convicts in joint institutions and programs. Couples live in separate quarters

but eat together in flower-curtained cafeterias, take afternoon strolls in areas more like a college campus than a prison yard, and attend school in common classrooms. Within the last year, at least half a

dozen state and federal institutions have converted to coed prisons more out of economic necessity than

in the spirit of experimentation, a Monitor survey finds. More coed prison experiments are

in the offing. Just last year, Lexington, Ky., and Pleasant, Calif., were added to Fort Worth, Texas, and Morgantown, W.Va., as sites where federal prisons admit both male and female convicts. A third federal prison in Terminal Island, Calif., will be taking down the fences soon between the male and female inmate populations.

Eager officials

Women's rights appear to be taking hold in American prisons - where charges of unequal treatment also are bringing a mingling of the sexes behind bars.

In New Mexico a federal district judge ordered state prison officials in December to allow women convicts equal recreational vocational, and library facilities by March. Officials eagerly comply to cut the expense of running a separate prison for women.

And an Ohio commission prepares for passage of the Equal Rights Amendment by seeking ways eventually to integrate male and female inmate populations.

U.S. penologists list many reasons in addition to women's rights and the need to trim costs for a sudden boost in "co-corrections."

Most important, some say, is the impact on an inmate's behavior when the opposite sex is around.

Recent studies of coed prisons in Fort Worth and Framingham, Mass., by the Harvard Center for Criminal Justice show that coed prisons take on aspects of a "home," that little violence occurs compared to regular prisons, and that the chances of an ex-

serve time together. Physical contact in the prisons is limited to hand-holding, but many prison romances have resulted in marriages.

convict ending up behind bars again

goes down when men and women

Still, the Harvard study finds a "normalizing" of the quality of life in prisons that go coed. Tensions and dangers are reduced as the atmosphere becomes more open, friendly. Qualities that may have been hidden in inmates are brought out; women become more feminine and men more wholesome as the traditionally hostile social structures of prisons break

★Please turn to Page 4

# Will protests curb offshore oil drilling?

federal antitrust activity.

By Curtis J. Sitomer Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Los Angeles Will 8 million to 10 million acres off the Atlantic, Pacific, and Alaskan coasts of the United States be opened

to extensive oil development by pri-

vate industry before the end of 1975?

The answer depends on: How much of President Ford's energy package Congress ultimately will approve. Offshore oil drilling is included as a vital source of domestic

 How sensitive the Department of Interior is to public and political antidrilling pressures. Hearings held last week in Anchorage, Alaska, and here in Los Angeles disclosed strong opposition to a federal plan to open the outer continental shelf to oil

### Other protests expected

Similar protests are expected to be voiced this week in Trenton, N.J. (Feb. 11, 12, and 18), when an Interior Department panel convenes there.

\*Please turn to Page 2 Mrs. Thatcher: leading . .

Mrs. Thatcher, Whitelaw good-naturedly joust for votes

#### Round two for British Conservatives By a staff correspondent of decisive, there will be a third ballot

an ecstatic reception.

Back the workers

Thursday.

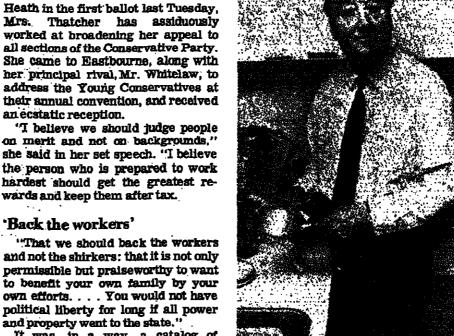
The Christian Science Monitor

\*Please turn to Page 2 .

Margaret Thatcher and William Whitelaw kissed each other by the sea at Eastbourne Saturday. But their public display of affection - which was undoubtedly genuine - did not obscure the determination with which each is pursuing the leadership of the opposition Conservative Party.

The second ballot for the leadership takes place Tuesday. And if this is not





and not the shirkers: that it is not only permissible but praiseworthy to want to benefit your own family by your own efforts. . . . You would not have political liberty for long if all power and property went to the state."

It was, in a way, a catalog of Conservative principles, and it illustrated at the same time why some Conservatives fear Mrs. Thatcher's victory would keep their party permanently out of power.

★Please turn to Page 2

will Mr. Whitelaw win? down.

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# ucation

Sports

\*Please turn to Page 3

# Rhodesian blacks fly to Tanzania for advice

By Geoffrey Godsell Overseas news editor of The Christian Science Monitor

After marking time for nearly two months, Rhodeslan Prime Minister Ian Smith has had a second round of talks with his country's black African leaders. The leaders were then allowed to fly to Dar es-Salaam, capital of Tanzania, to consult with three African presidents who have interested themselves in breaking the political deadlock between Rhodesla's black and white commu-

The question this time is: Does Mr. Smith really mean business? Is he ready after all to make enough concessions to satisfy black Rhodesians and paradoxically the tough Prime Minister of white-run South Africa, John Vorster?

Mr. Smith's record hitherto is that of a leader committed to every possible tactic to put off the day when Rhodesia's white minority (outnumbered nearly 25 to 1 by blacks) surrenders its privileged status and opens the door to eventual majority rule in the country.

#### Vorster views reversed

But since the collapse of the Portuguese empire in southern Africa and the consequent removal of whiterun Portuguese buffers between South Africa and black-run African states - Mr. Vorster ironically has reversed himself on his attitude toward Mr. Smith.

Instead of helping Mr. Smith to maintain the privileged position of whites in Rhodesia, he now is putting pressure on Mr. Smith to come to terms with Rhodesia's blacks. This is to avert war on race lines in Rhodesia which might eventually involve South

Mr. Vorster was a key figure in getting Mr. Smith to free from detention two of Rhodesia's most influential Africa leaders, the Rev. Ndabaningi Sithole and Joshua Nkomo, and open talks with them on the future. Parallel pressure was put on the black leaders by the Presidents of Zambia, Tanzania, and Botswana. These are the Presidents with whom the Rev. Mr. Sithole, Mr. Nkomo and Bishop Abel Muzorewa met in Dar es-Salaam Feb. 7 after Mr. Smith had resumed talks with them earlier in

The agreement reached in the first between Mr. Smith and the African nationalists had broken down by mid January. Each side charged the other with breaking its word. Mr. Smith alleged the Africans had not suspended guerrilla operations within Rhodesia - as they had promised. The Africans alleged that Mr. Smith had not released all African political prisoners - as he had promised. (They say at least 200 are still in jail.)

Honoring of these two promises was to be the prelude to a constitutional conference out of which it was hoped would come wider access of black Rhodesians to a fair share of political

Presumably last week's talks were aimed at getting things back on the tracks. And presumably Mr. Vorster has been busy behind the scenes to get negotiations going again.

There may well be long arguments - even if there is an effective guerrilla cease-fire and all black political prisoners are released over who should chair the constitutional convention and where it should be held.

And if agreement is reached on convening the conference, Mr. Smith and his white supporters are likely to resist anything promising black majority rule in their lifetime. Within the black nationalist movement - particularly among the Rev. Mr. Sithole's supporters - are those willing to settle for nothing less than black majority rule right away.

Itemized or

deduction?

Internal Revenue Service

... figure your tax both

ways before you decide.

standard

## Canadian financing at the brink

# Tar sands project rescued

By Don Sellar Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Three Canadian governments - the federal and two provincial ones have united to rescue a high-risk, pioneer oil extraction venture in the Alberta tar sands.

The Syncrude Project, as it is known, plans to tap the long inaccessible tar sands reserves which some say contain 300 billion or more barrels of oil - or the equivalent of the Middle East reserves. The project had teetered on the brink of collapse for two months after its price tag doubled to \$2 billion and one of the four Syncrude partners dropped out.

The three remaining partners threatened to stop construction work already under way on the 125,000barrel-a-day plant if additional capital could not be found.

But at the last minute, federal Energy Minister Donald Macdonald announced the federal government in Ottawa would invest \$300 million, Alberta \$200 million, and Ontario \$100 million to keep the project alive.

An acre a day

This leaves the three U.S.-controlled Syncrude partners with only

By David F. Salisbury Staff writer of

The Christian Science Monitor

tempted to get them to cook with red

vegetable oil, the Tanganyikan

women rebelled. They simply could

This is just one of the many prob-

lems facing the workers attempting to

get people in the developing countries

to eat better. A host of various

nutritional foods, additives, and sup-

plements have been tried with little

One of these nutritionists has a

different idea. Dr. John R. Robson,

who directs the Human Nutrition

Program at the University of Mich-

igan, thinks that in some cases the

best way to a balanced diet may be to

promote wholesome native foods

rather than attempting to sell needy

Actually this is an old concept that

fell from favor when the assault on

hunger shifted from the hands of the

home kitchen to the food laboratory in

It has begun to get serious attention

"As countries develop, many of the

Studies of ancient man indicate that

our hunter-gatherer forebearers

feasted on as many as 125 different

types of plants and animals. Through

contact with civilization, aborigines

in the Philippines already have cut

down their food choices from more

than 100 to about 50. In Africa this

process has gone to an extreme. Many

tribes now rely almost totally on a

An unwitting form of "food impe-

rialism" on the part of Western

experts has contributed to this, thinks

the Michigan nutritionist, who has

participated in a number of inter-

national food projects. The promotion

of modern, high-yield crops often

causes people to neglect their tradi-

tional sources of food. Yet these could

be valuable food supplements, and

they have the inestimable value of

already being acceptable he points

More fundamentally, recent studies

single food, often a starchy root.

Healthiest diets

native plant foods simply disappear

from the menu," says Dr. Robson.

among food experts once again.

populations on something new.

'Food imperialism'

not stand the color.

When well-meaning experts at-

Scientists trying to get people to eat better

think abandoned native plants may be answer

\$400 million to raise themselves, half of it already promised in loans from the oil province of Alberta.

One other tar sands plant is operating commercially, but it produces only 50,000 barrels a day. That venture ran up losses of \$85 million before finally turning a profit in 1974, its eighth year of operation.

The black Alberta tar sands must first be mined with huge draglines and then steamcleaned so that its "synthetic" oil can be rinsed away.

The proposed Syncrude extraction plant will use four 80-cubic-yard draglines, mining 300,000 tons of sand a day. Since the recoverable yield from ontar sand ranges between 100,000 and 250.000 barrels, the Syncrude plant will gobble up nearly an acre of land a day.

#### Dependent on price

The troubled Syncrude project was begun in the early 1960s, when oil companies thought they could extract 80,000 barrels of oil a day from a plant that would cost only \$190 million.

But the scale they envisaged was too small, and inflation sent prices skyward - a tenfold increase in less than 15 years.

So now, with the government aid, the multinational firms have had to

Forgotten foods—menu for hungry

of "primitive" tribes sponsored by

the International Biological Program .

indicate that their diets may be the

healthiest for them. Scientists have

isolated a number of "diseases of

civilization" that could be caused by a

radically changed diet. And they have

found that a number of the world's

relinguish a minimum of 30 percent of the equity in Syncrude. And if Alberta exercises all its options, the public sector's stake in the venture will rise to 60 percent.

The project remains a marginal one, since it depends upon a continuation of high international prices to

The Syncrude consortium has managed to wring some important tax and pricing concessions out of the federal government.

For example, Ottawa has promised

the consortium that Syncrude oil will be sold at international-level prices even if the domestic price remains artificially low. Secondly, any future limits imposed on Canadian oil field production

would not apply to the synthetic crude extraction plant. And thirdly, the Syncrude oil will be exempted from new federal taxation

measures which no longer permit other oil companies to deduct provincial royalty payments from their taxable incomes at the federal level.

Other tar sands plant promoters are expected to insist on similar concessions from federal authorities, even though the Syncrude arrangement is supposed to be a oneshot deal rather than a precedent.

oldest people live in these remote

Dr. Robson suggests that in areas

where undernourished people resist

new foods, modern know-how should

be brought to bear to promote or

adapt native foods that can add

needed nutrition. Problems arise be-

cause the nature of many of these

plants is not known, and many cannot

readily be adapted to modern farming

and the determination to withstand

The combined budget of both gov-

ernment antitrust divisions for in-

stance is less than \$30 million for

fiscal 1975. Far from all of it will go

In Justice, for instance, it is widely

assumed that the bulk of the legal

antitrust staff will be fully occupied

with the recently filed case against

Company and the coming trial of the

International Business Machines suit.

"I do think all the activity could

lead to a difference in food prices but I

don't think the agencies have the

political will to carry it all through -

I really think it's just public rela-

tions," comments Susan DeMarco of

the agribusiness accountability proj-

James T. Halverson, director of the

FTC's Bureau of Competition, thinks

that even though antitrust cases are

time consuming, they can still help

always has a great impact for the

consumer even though the action may

be delayed," he says, 'It's the police-

man of the free market and it should

"Increased antitrust enforcement

'Political will' doubted

political pressure.

for the food probe.

# New TV series riles Chinese Americans

## 'Khan!' raises issue of ethnic stereotyping

By Frederic A. Moritz Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

San Francisco Television's latest descendant of the old "Charlie Chan" movie mysteries has run into a barrage of criticism from Chinese-American groups here.

Americans of Chinese descent are proving they can be as concerned over the possibility of ethnic stereotyping as any other minority group.

At issue is the CBS network detective series "Khan!" Premiered Fri-Francisco's Chinatown.

The show presents a misleading tive Action (CAA), the China Re-Asian-American Theater Workshop, Asian-Americans for Community Inand the Association of Chinese Teach-

used in filming of future episodes,"

day (Feb. 7), the show features a part-Chinese actor and student of Taoism, Khigh Dhiegh, in the role of a bald Chinese-American ex-CIA (Central Intelligence Agency) man, who operates as an independent-minded private investigator from his plush upstairs apartment in the heart of San

image of Chinese-American life, charges a coalition of Chinatown groups, including the Chinese media committee of the Chinese for Affirmasources Development Center, the volvement, the East-West newspaper,

#### Request made

"We're going to ask that a consultant and a writer from the San Francisco Chinatown community be

## \*Round 2 for Britons

Continued from Page 1

Mr. Whitelaw, by contrast, was not given so effective a platform. His task was to participate in a meminar on party organization and on devolution. His only real applause came when he said that "much of our British way of life is being threatened by what we have to accept is the most left-winghas probably ever been in the coun-

### Whitelaw still favored

Mr. Whitelaw is the establishment candidate, and he is still favored to win the final vote. But with three other candidates in the field besides himself and Mrs. Thatcher, it is doubted whether he can obtain a clear lead in the second ballot, let alone an overall majority (which is needed to

Mrs. Thatcher won 130 votes in the first ballot, and on the second she needs only 139 for an outright victory. If Mr. Whitelaw wins on the third ballot only because of second preferences, his stature as a leader will be

diminished. There is a view that up to 30 of the Conservative members of Parliament whe voted for Mrs. Thatcher last Tuesday did so to stop Mr. Heath rather than out of a positive preference for her. But equally persuasive is the opinion that she may persuade some of the 119 who voted for Mr. Heath, or the 11 who abstained, or the 16 who voted for the third candidate, Hugh Fraser, that by her forthrightness and courage she deserves to become the new party leader.

### Conciliation vs. determination One of Mr. Whitelaw's problems,

paradoxically, is that he is by temperament a conciliator, a reconciler, not a bitter-ender. Mrs. Thatcher has not feared to take unpopular steps, such as abolishing free milk for school lunches when she was Education Minister in the Heath Cabinet.

Mr. Whitelaw's temperament may appeal to the country as a whole. But will it convince faithful Conservative voters who are dismayed at the nationalization program and wealth taxes proposed by the Labour Party and who want a leader that will provide a sharp and distinctive contrast to these programs?

"Every dispute that starts has to end and every dispute must end in some form of basic agreement,".Mr. Whitelaw told a television interviewer Sunday in his genial, rumpled way.

"Those who said grandly, 'We will stand firm at all costs and never give way - history hasn't proved in the and that that's been a successful way. I'm not in the least ashamed to say. that I believe in understanding and in reason, in communication and persuasion, and I have still sufficient faith in the good sense of the vast majority of the people of our country, of the vast majority of trade unionists, to believe that is the right way for us to go."



New TV show in trouble

says Russell Lowe of Chinese Affirmative Action.

"We are not really trying to post Chinatown life. We're trying to is good detective story," replies show's producer Laurence He 'Charlie Chan started as a house not in the CIA. Khan is a post portrayal." he says, adding that is willing to consider material fi Chinatown writers - but that a thing smacking of "prior censorsh would be unacceptable.

The Chinese-American critics point to some previous succes since the "Chinese for Affirmat Action" media-monitoring progr against stereotyping was laund more than three years ago. The CA media committee was tipped off. summer on the "Khan" series by logs of upcoming programs which receives from cooperating is broadcasting stations.

#### Recognition gained

Three years ago the commit gained recognition with a campa against a Saturday-morning TV-c toon series called "The Chan Cla And local stations have agreed remove some commercials the in found objectionable, including the a Chinese gas-station attendant in broken English to offer viewers as. chinaware deal.

The coalition now calls 'Khank' glorified updated version of "Clies Chan' with a main character was: often lapses into proverbs and still

speech. "Chinese immigrants just don't 🕻 like that in fortune-cookie English one of them explains. The critics a are concerned that later episod the show will sensationally on emphasize aspects of Chinatown i such as gambling, youth gangs, a secret societies.

Mr. Lowe points to this station-l discription of an upcoming episo titled "Mask of Deceit": "Asian p vate detective Khan calls on intimate knowledge of the Orient community to tail a mysterio swordsman wearing the mark of secret Chinese society, who has mit dered a wealthy San Francisco mar facturer and appears to threaten t dead man's partner."

### 'Mystery' questioned 🦤

Says Mr. Lowe, "If the villain is Asian, why all this Oriental myster Why not have him pull a gun l anyone else?"

Producer Heath points out the p gram employs about 35 Asian-Ant ican actors including five to six continuing roles. He says one of the Prof. Chiao Li-chi, serves as a cons tant on Chinese culture, history,

But Professor Chiao is unqualif as a consultant because he does live in Chinatown, maintains coalition critic. She also says portrayal of Khan's motherless ily, which includes as detective be mates a biochemist daughter an Berkeley student son, is hardi realistic picture of relations Chinese family.

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# \*Food price cuts doubted

areas.

Continued from Page 1

• The FTC is in the midst of legalaction against the nation's largest cereal manufacturers - Kellogg, General Mills, General Foods, and Quaker Oats — for monopolistic prac<sup>‡ į</sup>

• Last Dec. 10, the FTC issued a complaint against Continental Baking Company, a subsidiary of ITT and the makers of Wonder Bread, for monopolistic practices.

• The Justice Department is involved in lengthy investigations of possible price fixing for beef, eggs, seafoods, sugar, soft drinks, dairy products, and other foods.

• Six sugar-refining companies were indicted by a San Francisco federal grand jury Dec. 19, 1974 for price fixing.

### Seattle example cited

All this could result in reduced food prices. A decade ago, for instance, an FTC suit against bakers in Seattle charging 24 cents a loaf for bread brought the price back to the 20 cent price prevalent elsewhere, saving consumers an estimated \$3.5 million a

Mark Green, director of Ralph Nader's Corporate Accountability Research Group, says he is "disappointed that neither federal antitrust agency has seen fit to systematically study industries moved against once the case is over.

Those who are skeptical about the current antitrust activity say the problem is one of money, manpower,

be going on whether you have 4 percent or 12 percent inflation. I do think there's a higher focus on it during inflationary periods because

people ask what tools you have besides price controls to keep prices

fight inflation:

# ★Will protests curb drilling?

Continued from Page 1

 Whether U.S. relations with Middle East oil-producing nations worsen to the point that federal officials deem it vital to step up considerably domestic resources development - including that of offshore oil.

• How persuasive industry is in carrying its "drill now — or do without" message to Congress and the public.

• Whether ecologists and others can convince Americans to change their life-styles and use less oil for their homes, cars, offices, and recreational activities.

The President is committed to offshore drilling as is Secretary of the Interior Rogers C. B. Morton. And some believe that the current hearings on environmental impacts of such oil development are merely a formality (required by law) before the administration announces a wholesale auction of leases.

### Systematic plan sought

Further, even some of the most avid opponents of coastal drilling now admit that it will happen eventually. But what they want is a delay - at least for a year or two until a systematic national energy plan is developed, further safeguards against accidents and oil spills are assured, and methods devised to provide public access to production

costs, amounts of reserves, and other data now only known to industry. U.S. Sen. John V. Tunney (D) of

California attacks the Interior Department's leasing proposal" as dangerous, ill-conceived, and in-Mr. Tunney and his fellow Cal-

ifornia Senate colleague, Alan Cranston (D), ask President Ford to postpone all proposed lease sales in 1975 pending further study.

### Other proposals listed

They also want enactment of laws which would set up a new system for exploring offshore oil reserves affording broader public information regarding resources before leases are made: allow state and local governments a bigger role in decisions about drilling; develop new and better technology to prevent and contain oil spills and blowouts; and create a national emergency oil reserve.

Some of this legislation already is in the hopper.

Late last week antidrilling advocates got a boost from the Environmental Protection Agency. EPA urged the Interior Department to postpone for at least two years the opening of untouched offshore areas for oil and gas leasing and to bar leasing off the Alaska coast indefinitely. Environmental hazards were cited as the reason for this

By Guy Halverson

The U.S. moves also offset in part a

continuing Soviet military presence in

such radical Mideast states as Iraq

The U.S. is now actively involved in

supplying equipment (and in some

cases actively training forces) in

Saudi Arabia, Iran, Oman, Jordan,

Beyond the issue of arms for Israel,

all of the Mideast states are consid-

ered conservative regimes, many of

them with longtime friendly links to

the U.S. Yet, within each country

lately there have been intense pres-

sures from Palestinian or other radi-

Despite public acknowledgements,

for example, there are believed to

have been a number of guerrilla

attacks or probes against vital Saudi

A number of questions are being

• Does the training of Saudi de-

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asked here, however, about the two

new U.S. arms programs:

Lebanon — as well as Israel.

Arab groups.

and Svria.

cal Arab groups.

installations.

Saudi military 'contract'

# <sup>r⊪</sup>urkey, <sup>C</sup>aJ.S. try o avert reak

ATO commitment eriled by frictions

By Sam Cohen Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Despite the Turkish Government's rp reaction to the American miliy aid cutoff, there are indications ew efforts on both sides to resolve difficulties and avoid a crisis in kish-American relations.

urkish Foreign Minister Melih enbel has welcomed as "very posta" President Ford's appeal to the 3. Congress to lift the ban on aid. d U.S. Secretary of State Henry A. ssinger is reported to have teleoned Mr. Esenbel renewing his itation to meet the Turkish miner in Brussels later this month. Mr. enbel had earlier canceled a schedd trip to the Belgian capital for ks on the Cyprus problem with Dr. ssinger and the Greek Foreign nister.

#### ıti-Americanism mounts

But the new hope at government vel of reaching an understanding th the United States contrasts with vave of anti-Americanism throught the country.

And observers here believe that rkey's confidence in the United ites and its interest in NATO have en badly shaken.

Premier Sadi Irmak has made it ear that Turkey will remain in 1TO and its military structure. But reaffirmed Feb. 6 that Turkey had opped all talks with the United ates on the status of military inillations in Turkey.

#### titude hardening?

There also are signs that the Tur-\_sh attitude to Cyprus is hardening in · e wake of the aid cutoff.

Political leaders, newspapers, prossional organizations, trade unions, - d youth groups of various ideologitrends have joined in the chorus of .- ndemnation of American policy.

The general feeling is that since rkey's alliance with the United ites is a question of two-way coopation for their common security, rkey has a right to reconsider its s and commitments following the l cutoff.

### \_int defense

urkish officials keep repeating .t aid is not a favor from the U.S. vernment but is part of joint ense arrangements. They stress t the word "aid" itself is inpropriate since Turkey pays for the as it receives or reciprocates with er contributions. This is the think-

behind the government's anmcement that it will reconsider its ense agreements with the U.S. and obligations to NATO, and Turkish lic opinion broadly supports this

'ormer Premier Bulent Ecevit, der of the left-of-center Republican ple's Party, said Turkey will have eorganize its defense and security he light of the new situation.

### arification' sought

Who runs U.S. foreign policy, the ericans or Greeks?" he asked, ing that as long as this question is clarifed, Turkey's relations with United States "cannot be based on ad ground."

me newspaper editorials have ed for drastic changes in Turkey's itions with the U.S. and the West. he influential Cumhuriyet said key must now reconsider its overforeign policy and strategy and ociate itself from NATO "since threat to Turkey comes not from 'ro's supposed enemy but from un NATO.''

ae popular Gunaydin said the time come for Turkey to change its cy by closing down the American 38 and aligning itself with the rd world."

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# Conditions unstable after Peru rioting

By James Nelson Goodsell

Latin America correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Peru's military leaders apparently have weathered the most serious threat yet to their 6½ year-old govern-

But there is a feeling in Lima, the Peruvian capital, that the government of Gen. Juan Velasco Alvarado has been weakened by last week's violent rioting which left more than 100 fatalities and resulted in the arrest of 1,500 persons.

The Velasco government faces a number of new threats — not the least being some internal dissension within the military which is bound to surface in the wake of the rioting and the heavy-handed methods used by General Velasco to put it down.

The rioting was sparked by a strike of policemen in Lima calling for higher wages. The government termed the strike illegal and ordered Army units to storm police stations where the strikers were holed up. This in turn led to street demonstrations

## **★Focus:** town's ransom

Continued from Page 1 Senator Mathias has introduced a bill to obtain such payment for Frederick, a city with 8,000 people during the Civil War now grown to 21,000. It's not a new proposal: The Senator has introduced it in every new Congress since he became a member of the

House of Representatives in 1961. Outside Maryland, most Americans who know anything about Frederick's Civil War connections probably think of an entirely different episode: the "Barbara Frietchie" incident. That occurred two years earlier, when a Confederate invading force commanded by General "Stonewall" Jackson marched into town.

What actually happened then is clouded by time and the poetic license of oft-sentimental poet, John Greenleaf Whittier, whose "Barbara Frietchie has been memorized by generations of American schoolchildren. According to legend, Jackson found one Union flag still flying in Frederick, in front of the home of 96year-old, Barbara Frietchie. He orderechismen to shoot it down:

But the heroine waved it defiantly,

insists Whittler, and shouted: "'Shoot, if you must, this old gray

But spare your country's flag,' she said."

Impressed by her spunk General Jackson gave in, the poet tells us: " Who touches a hair on you gray head

Dies like a dog! March on!' he said."

Historians are not at all sure she ever waved that flag, or that she said what Whittier "heard." Nevertheless, that's what many Americans think of as Frederick's Civil War incident.

Senator Mathias's proposal for reimbursement will never capture the public imagination as poet Whittier's version of the Frietchie defiance. But in terms of cold, hard cash, it has its important side, too.

and other protests against the Velasco government's actions curbing certain basic civil rights.

#### Situation still shaky

With relative peace restored to the streets of Lima — and with the policemen back on duty grudgingly the situation is anything but stable.

Many of those who took to the streets in protest against government policy are angrier than ever about the tactics used by the military to halt the strike and the rioting.

Of immediate concern to General Velasco is the attitude of fellow officers, particularly those in the navy and to a lesser extent in the air force who have been uneasy over

While the Army is the dominant service and can be expected to exercise its will over the Navy and Air Force, the military have tried to maintain a posture of unity through the past 61/2 years since October, 1968, when an Army coup ousted the government of Fernando Belaunde

That unity has been stretched thin on several occasions, but at no time has it been so tenuous as now.

#### Freedom curbs protested

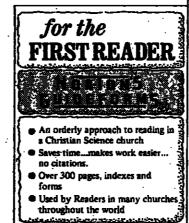
The intellectuals, centered around the University of San Marcos in Lima and in various literary groups, are unhappy over the Velasco government's recent abridgments of civil liberties, particularly freedom of the

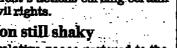
Mario Vargas Llosa, Peru's leading novelist, has joined forces with the former owners of Lima's leading newspapers in criticizing the Velasco press law which led to the expropriation of the papers and their subsequent control by workers' groups.

The Vargas Llosa support of the former publishers is unusual in that Mr. Vargas Llosa is a dedicated leftist, while the publishers are equally dedicated to more conservative causes.

But the deep-seated feeling for civil rights, which has so often come out in Peruvian history, apparently tran-scends the differences in political ideology of such different groups as the admirals and the publishers on one side and the teachers and intellectuals on the other.

of these dissimilar groups that poses a serious threat to General Velasco and his supporters. Only time will tell how





government policy in recent months.

It is this sense of unease on the part



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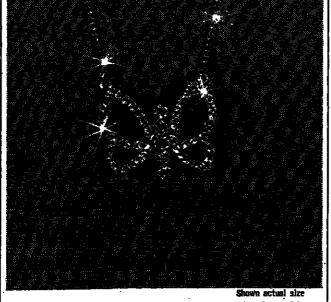
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U.S. sharpens Mideast arms fense forces by the private Vinnell Corporation clearly indicate that the

Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor U.S. has ruled out any future armed action against the Saudis or other Washington Mideast oil producers?

Jell in lita

The reported U.S. training of Saudi Both President Ford and Secretary National Guard forces to protect oil of State Henry A. Kissinger have said wells - and U.S. anti-tank missiles that force could not be ruled out if the West were facing "strangulation" being supplied to Oman — are seen here as part of a long-range U.S. from a long-term cutoff of oil supdesire to protect conservative Mideast Persian Gulf states against plies. The Pentagon has contingency plans for such a U.S. take-over. mounting pressures from radical

Meanwhile, on NBC's "Meet the Press" Sunday, Sen. Henry M. Jackson (D) of Washington said the U.S. should not talk publicly about military intervention in the Mideast. The best approach, to ward off any Arab cutoff of energy supplies, he indicated would be through diplomatic chan-

• Is the Vinnell move only one stage in an even larger U.S. presence in Saudi Arabia? In addition to recently supplying the Saudis with such essentially defensive equipment as U.S. built F-5E jet fighters, armored personnel carriers, and some helicopters, Washington maintains a small military mission assigned to Saudi military forces.

· Should a private corporation undertake the training of the Saudi defense forces? According to the Vinnell Corporation, which won a \$77 million Pentagon contract, it is believed to be the first time that actual training of a friendly nation's defense forces have been handled by a private company, rather than by the Penta-

Yum Yum

Immediale

Did the Ford administration do it this way to prevent outcries from pro-Israeli congressmen, or to avoid a clash with the increasingly anti-mili-

#### Advisers on the scene

According to the wire report, Saudi forces to be trained involve the 26,000 troops of the Saudi National Guard, an internal security force under the command of Prince Abdullah bin Abdulazis, half brother of King Faisal. The Pentagon, meanwhile, has a small advisory contingent associated with the slightly larger regular Saudi Arabian Army.

In Oman (where the U.S. is reported to have sent a shipment of antitank missiles, as well as several military men to instruct the Omani military in their use), the Oman Government is seeking to quell a radical uprising in the southwest Dhofar Province.

The U.S. already has a small (three vessels) Navy installation at Bahrein, in the Persian Gulf, and a jointly shared communications installation with the British at Diego Garcia in the Indian Ocean.

#### New paint for Eiffel Tower By Reuter

The Eiffel Tower is to get a new coat of paint this spring — 52 tons of it. Thirty painters will spend three years on the project, beginning at the top of the 1,050-foot (320 meter) Paris land-

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# Inside the news-briefly

FROM MONITOR CORRESPONDENTS AROUND THE WORLD

#### Foreign nationals leaving Phnom Penh

Phnom Penh, Cambodia Families of American diplomats have been told to leave Phnom Penh as soon as possible, a U.S. official said Sunday. The Cambodian capital is running low on food and fuel, and insurgent forces have mined the Mekong River shipping channel from

South Vietnam. The source said only about six wives of U.S. officials were in Phnom Penh and that they would leave on regular flights during the week.

Last week, the French and Japanese embassies told their nationals in Phnom Penh to evacuate families and all nonessential personnel. More than 150 French citizens are scheduled to fly out this week.

#### Mrs. Ford presses for rights amendment

Washington America's First Lady is helping

spearhead a drive for final ratification this year of the Equal Rights Amendment to the U.S. Constitution. Mrs. Betty Ford is reportedly putting

through long-distance calls to wavering legislators in two key states - Illinois and Missouri - that are due to vote



Mrs. Betty Ford

The amendment has to be ratified by 38 states to become a part of the Constitution, and so far 34 states have taken the step. These, however, include Tennessee and Nebraska which later took the unprecedented action of rescinding ratification, causing some legal confusion.

North Dakota only last week became the latest state to ratify the amendment barring sex discrimination, after Mrs. Ford had been on the telephone with state legislators there.

In addition, she pulled together the President's staff for a slide show on the ERA last Friday, and brought in to answer questions two political consultants hired by the National Federation of Business and Professional Women, John Deardourff and Doug Bailey.

#### Ford would end aid to Vietnam within 3 years

President Ford says he is willing to terminate all military and economic aid to South Vietnam within three years, if Congress agrees to a formula for appropriations in the meantime, the Chicago Tribune said in its Sunday editions.

in an interview with Tribune editor Clayton Kirkpatrick and three Tribune reporters, Mr. Ford said he would ask for significantly large congressional appropriations for Vietnam the next three fiscal years.

"As far as I am concerned, if we could agree on a figure and agree on a time span . . . that would be the end,"

#### Iran reports attack by Iraqi forces

Iragi forces attacked Iranian frontier posts with tanks, heavy artillery, machine guns, and mortars Saturday and Sunday, but were repelled by Iranian frontier guards, the Iranian owned Pars news agency said Sunday.

Teheran

After Iraq massed troops on the border areas of Mehran and Kanjan-Cham and Iraqi artillery and mortars shelled Iranian border posts, Iranian frontier guards returned the fire, the agency said.

The Iraqi press and radio have recently intensified anti-Iran propaganda, although the foreign ministers of Iran and Iraq, Abbas Ali Khalatbari and Saadoun Hammadi, are expected to meet again to discuss the settlement of the Shatt-el-Arab River dispute between the two countries. The ministers met in Istanbul last month for talks on a Shatt-el-Arab settlement.

#### End of transition cuts Nixon staff

Washington With the expiration Sunday of his official six-month, federally subsidized transition to private life former

President Nixon was scheduled to lose. federal benefits including: his military aides, 11 cars, and the San Clemente

The staff of about 30 aides and federal employees who went to San Clementé after Mr. Nixon's Aug. 9 resignation six months ago had dwindled to 12 by Saturday, and only four are on the San Clemente payroll starting Sunday. Two secretaries and a former speech writer are staying on without pay.

Rabbi Baruch Korff, a Nixon supporter and fundraiser, said in a telephone interview from San Clemente that it has been an emotional weekendthere with people including two Marine aides close to tears.

#### Women's expedition nears Mount Everest

Ten members of the Japanese women's expedition to Mount Everest

## **Budget expert** emerges from **House shadows**

At a time when millions of Americans are watching their family budgets with new closeness, their federal government also has a new budget

He's Rep. Brock Adams (D) of Washington, long regarded as one of Congress's brightest members, but one who has toiled for 10 years in the congressional shadows.

The slightly built economist and lawyer from Seattle is the new chairman of the House of Representatives' Budget Committee, created last year to try to restore Congress's grip on the purse strings of the government's galloping budget.

Mr. Adams's election to the chairmanship soothes the pain of a disappointing near-miss six months ago when he was edged by Rep. Al Uliman (D) of Oregon, who later stepped down to chair the House Ways and Means Committee.

But for Mr. Adams, a 49-year-old father of four, the victory is tinged with one regret; less time for tennis and basketball with his two sons. American taxpayers are getting a

budget overseer with a liberal's commitment to urban areas and mass



transit - but with a flinty and sharp accountant's pencil.

Congressman Adams is a founding father of Amtrak and the reorganization of bankrupt Northeastern railroads. He also helped father home rule for the U.S. capital - a politically unrewarding case he doggedly championed when few others bothered.

Nonetheless, this Great Society liberal, a product of the Lyndon B. Johnson landslide of 1964, advocates that financial tenet of Goldwater conservatism: a balanced budget.

"We must . . . make a concerted effort to balance the federal budget in the year ahead," he says. To this task, Mr. Adams (a Phi Beta

Kappa economist and a Harvard lawyer) brings glittering credentials and a proven capacity for absorbing briefcases full of evening homework.

Peter C. Stuart Washington .

left here Sunday on their way to climb the world's highest mountain.

The expedition leader, Mrs. Eiko Hisano, a 41-year-old housewife, said she had high hopes they would become the first women to reach the 29,028 foot (8,848 meter) summit of Mount Everest. Climbing is to begin about March 20, with the summit bid planned for May 10 to 15.

This is the first all-women's expedition to attempt Everest.

#### **Kuwait juggles** top Cabinet posts

Kuwait Kuwait announced Sunday the formation of a new Cabinet headed by Crown Prince Sheik Jaber al-Ahmed as

The Ministry of Oil and Finance was separated into two portfolios and a Housing Ministry was introduced for the first time. The new formation reflected added aftention to development, financial, and public welfare activities.

Abdel Rahman Atiki, one of the leading Arab oil experts, who held the Ministry of Oil and Finance in the old Cabinet, was given the Finance Ministry in the new Cabinet. Abdel Mottaleb Kazemi, former general manager of the Kuwait International Investment Company became Minister of Oil.

#### Hartling to form Danish government

Copenhagen Queen Margrethe of Denmark asked Acting Prime Minister Poul Hartling Sunday to form a new government and thus end Denmark's political crisis.

Mr. Hartling's appointment came after political leaders representing 89 of the 179 seats in the Folketing (parliament) told the Queen they would support a minority administration under his leadership.

Three parties - the Conservatives. the Christian People's Party, and the Center Democrats - told the Queen they were willing to join Mr. Hartling's Liberals in a minority coalition, which would have a total of 65 seats.

#### Cosmonauts return

Soviet cosmonauts Alexei Guban and Georgy Grechko returned to e Sunday after 30 days in space, the Soviet news agency Tass announce Moscow. They are the second Soul crew to successfully board an orbit space station and return safely to

#### PLO invitation urged

· Egypt has asked Washington and Moscow as cosponsors of the projected Arab-Israeli conference in Geneva to invite the Palestinian Liberation Organization to particips the semiofficial Cairo newspaper Al Ahram reported Sunday.

#### Saigon losses

Government troops on a precautionary sweep before the Tel lunar new year celebration suffered heavy casualties in a battle with No. Vietnamese units near the province capital of Tay Ninh, military officials Saigon said Sunday. They reported South Vietnamese soldiers killed or

### Pakistan assassination

Terrorists assassinated Hayat Mohammed Khan Sherpao, senior minister and government strong ma Pakistan's North West Frontier province, in a bomb attack Saturda that also wounded 18 students. Pakistani officials in Islamabad reported.

#### Raw material topic

Delegates from almost every developing nation ended a confere on raw materials in Dakar, Senegal Saturday with a demand that the proposed meeting between oil producers and consumers be expanded to cover all raw materials

### Grain reserves mulled

Major grain producing and trading nations will meet in London this wer to consider establishing a worldwide system of grain reserves. State Department officials in Washington said Saturday. Participants will inch Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada Egypt, India, Japan, Thailand, the Soviet Union, and members of the European Community.

# \*Kissinger talks 'risky'

Continued from Page 1

Dana Adams Schmidt cables from Washington: Israeli Prime Minister Rabin's statement on Israeli withdrawals in return for an Egyptian declaration of non-belligerence puts the problem in a nutshell.

Mr. Rabin, apparently with deliberate calculation, left open the question of what kind of non-belligerence. He did not say Israel would insist on a public declaration, which President Sadat would find hard to make, nor did he spell out other possible ingredients - demilitarization in Sinai. ending travel restrictions between the two countries, ending boycott and resumption of economic relations, movement of Israeli cargoes through Suez when it reopens, and many other possible items which might be put into effect on a de facto basis, without declaration.

### Strengthened position

If Dr. Kissinger could get anything like that, the whole Middle Eastern political picture would be changed.

Cairo news media insisted on the eve of Dr. Kissinger's departure for the Middle East that Egyptian President Sadat could give no political concessions in return for Israeli withdrawal, and that Mr. Sadat also wants Israeli withdrawals in Syria and occupled west Jordan.

Mr. Sadat's negotiating position may have been strengthened by the fact that Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko's visit to Cairo last week resulted in resumption of Soviet arms deliveries to Egypt, most of which have been suspended since the October, 1973, Arab-Israel war.

Some diplomats here believe that Mr. Gromyko advised both Cairo and Damascus to do serious business with Dr. Kissinger. Syria, Egypt, some Israelis, and the United States (though more reluctantly) have all agreed with Moscow that the Geneva conference will have to be reconvened, whether or not Dr. Kissinger's new efforts succeed.

# \*Congress vs. Ford on economic pump priming

mood affects Congress where the are reducing normal output drasti- if the g economy suddenly overshadows; all; other issues.

Arguments are too technical for most of the public to understand but unemployment rates are comprehensible: 5.2 percent for married men (twice a year ago); blue-collar workers, 11 percent; construction workers, 15 percent; Vietnam veterans in their 20s, 20 percent; youths under 20, 21 percent, and black teen-

agers. 41 percent. The latest national January figure of 8.2 percent surprised the administration, and shocked and stunned. Congress. All sides turn to economic notables for interpretation.

These differ among themselves but: the "conservatives" around the White House appear to take a graver view of . federal deficits, and manifest a greater hostility to governmental intervention, than do "academic" econ-

Among the latter the widespread charge is that the Ford stimulative tax cuts are too little and won't meet

In general it is agreed that the

business slump and unemployment there isn't so much danger of inflation "disaster," declared the "Ameri cally, currently at a rate of around \$25 billion a year in lost production in what is technically called the "full

employment surplus." With underproduction like that

deficit, some argue. Rep. Henry S. Reuss of Wisconsin, an influential Democrat with experience in banking and economics,

called the Ford recovery package a

ers," and added that they "wor what Washington is waiting for getting to the main point of recovery which is "job - jobs

# Dear hearts and cautious people

A study of Valentine's Day cards indicates to your scholarly (or even not-so-scholarly) researcher a steady rise in parody. Still present are the old-fashioned messages which may be described as hearts and flowers: "To my beloved wife," "For the man I married," "To my Prince Charming." One hears electric organ chords in the inner ear.

Then there are the newly conventional messages - the already dated, almost absentminded signals of the counterculture, now as meaningless as long hair. Typically, these cards may consist, say, of photographs of treetops with the sun shining through. The sound track here is John Denver and guitar. One example reads: "Valentine, you are peace, love, truth, and beauty." Change the first word, and the card can be recycled for Easter, Christmas, birthday, etc. These are the free-hearts-andwild-flowers cards.

But buyer, beware. Even these old and new standards may have jokes inside - little jeers ticking like time bombs on the second

Your basic 1975 Valentine is either sentiment-on-the-oblique i.e., a love song put in the mouth of Snoopy. Or an out-and-out giggie:

Will you be my Valentine? Let me know as soon as you can! I've sent quite a few of these cards."

What is the future of this holiday that seems to be a little more of an embarrassment every year as its Cupid's snickers and sugared yawns remind us of the decline of what used to be known as "romantic love"? In terms of job security the writer of Valentine verses must rank just a little behind the village blacksmith.

The word "love" may be employed more and more liberally. It decorates bumper stickers and flourishes on buttons. It signs letters to near-strangers. It stars in manifestos endorsing everything from conservation to split

# Melvin

infinitives. But when it goes particular in the old sense -- one-onone - there is a lot of er-ing and ah-ing and a whole business of carefully chosen word substi-

Maddocks

One becomes "involved." One has a "meaningful relationship." But one gets a severe case of the stutters when the moment comes to say "I love you."

In the name of "honesty," in the name of "new morality," couples abstain from the old ultimate verb for which there is finally no synonym. Yet how priggish, how stuffy, how dishonest all the latest code words can seem. "Caring." "commitment," "mutual respect" indeed! The language of love-evaders sounds like two giant bread companies merging.

The fact is, this age which fearlessly faces up to sex is scared to death of love.

Is there no drama that will satisfy the heart - nothing between porn and melted-chocolate creams, between 'Deep Throat' and 'Love Story''?

Once "literature" was practically identical with 'love story." "My lords, if you would hear a high tale of love ...." began "The Romance of Tristam and Iscult" — and just about every other narrative. The first novel (Samuel Richardson's "Pamela") was about love. In more than one era poetry has virtually meant love poetry.

Has any writer been a genius and not been a genius on that subject? Shakespeare, Dante, Tolstoy, just for a start.

Edmund Spenser was only a little in front of the consensus when he wrote: 'Love is life's end; an end but never ending; All joy, all sweets, all happiness

awarding." Adding: "Thou will not love to live, unless thou live to love."

iobs."

We can pronounce all the other four-letter words. Why do we choke up on love? The usual explanation goes like this: Romantic love is biology's pink cloud. It is prone to disappearing acts and quick transfers. We dare not promise that we can love one person forever — and finally we dare not promise we can love one person at all.

This, in the phrase of Denis de Rougemont, is known as the "fi delity-passion dilemma." And it is not as new as most people think. De Rougemont spelled it all out, probably better than anybody since, over 35 years ago in "Love in the Western World:" De Rouge mont understood all too well that the beau ideal of love could turn into a form of slavery - a Romeo and-Juliet game in which couples perished of boredom instead of poison. But he knew, too, that freedom from all the impossible demands could produce a desolat-

ing emptiness. Can we love at all — God or the world as well as fellow man - if we don't swear to more than we can deliver, if we aren't romantics? This is the question de Rougemont seems to end with as he doubles back on his own skepticism. The last paragraph of his book reads: "A fidelity maintained in the name of what does not change as we change will gradually disclose some of its mystery: beyond tragedy another happiness waits."

Is there a lover's wisdom beyond the wisdom of disfilusionment? — all that clearheadedness with which '70s couples prediscount their experiences. This doubt about our too-certain anti-romanticism haunts Valentine's Day, 1975.

A Monday and Thursday jeature by the Monitor's columnist at large.

# \*Prisons go coed—out of economic necessity

Continued from Page 1

"They have to learn to appreciate each other without sexual overtones." said a Fort Worth prison official.

"You're somebody here," said a Framingham inmate with head high. While most prisons keep close watch on inmates to avoid riots. guards in coed prisons keep tight watch to avoid pregnancies. There are some criticisms, however, about the "country club" atmospheres of the new prisons.

But populations are picked with

care, and operations assume a limberness not found in most prisons. The experiments are designed to

enrich rather than suppress the inmates' experiences while under confinement. Prisoners often do not wear uniforms but rather the latest styles. Juvenile prisons in many states

years ago, officials saw the begin-

nings of large-scale mixing of the two

groups. Minor problems cropped up,

have been coed for years. When the Ventura, Calif., School for Girls was converted into a coed facility three

Such as girls learning from boys how to escape, but other prisons followed

Groups shifted

Today states such as New Jersey and Illinois are shifting groups of inmates from overcrowded male prisons into cottages near women's prisons in order to cut down on the high expense of small prisons for women. In Florida, male and female inmates share educational and counseling.

# \*Ford eyes Kennedy as 1976 presidential rival

Continued from Page 1

A "Kennedy-Jackson" ticket aimost happened in 1960, when John F. Kennedy came close to selecting Sen. Henry M. Jackson (D) of Washington

as his running mate. The President is also known to have a particularly high regard for Sen. Hubert H. Humphrey (D) of Minnesota feeling that the several-time presidential candidate may well be the best qualified to be president

well be a time when the Democratic

Party would turn to a mature and

among the potential candidates.

Mr. Ford is said to believe that Mr. Humphrey just might make another Confidence growing race of it (and that he would be a most difficult man to beat) since this might

known quantity like Mr. Humphrey to

carry the party standard. Who would be most difficult for the President to defeat - after Messrs. Kennedy and Humphrey? Top Ford aides list Senator Jackson next, then Sen. Edmund S. Muskie (D) of Maine and George Wallace.

At the same time that the President shows his respect for the strength of possible opponents, he is making it clear that he thinks a Ford-Rockefeller ticket next year will be "very

Mr. Ford is convinced that his administration is "moving" now, that he now has the momentum to "make a difference" in solving the economic problems.

At the same time the President is pictured as believing he is "at the mercy of forces" as far as his election in 1976 is concerned. He does not know for certain whether these forces can. be controlled.

by the fall of next year, he will be able to win - but that if it is the other way, he is likely not to be elected. George Meany, president of the AFL-CIO, said on CBS's "Face the Nation" Sunday of Mr. Ford's prospects for being elected: "If the econ-

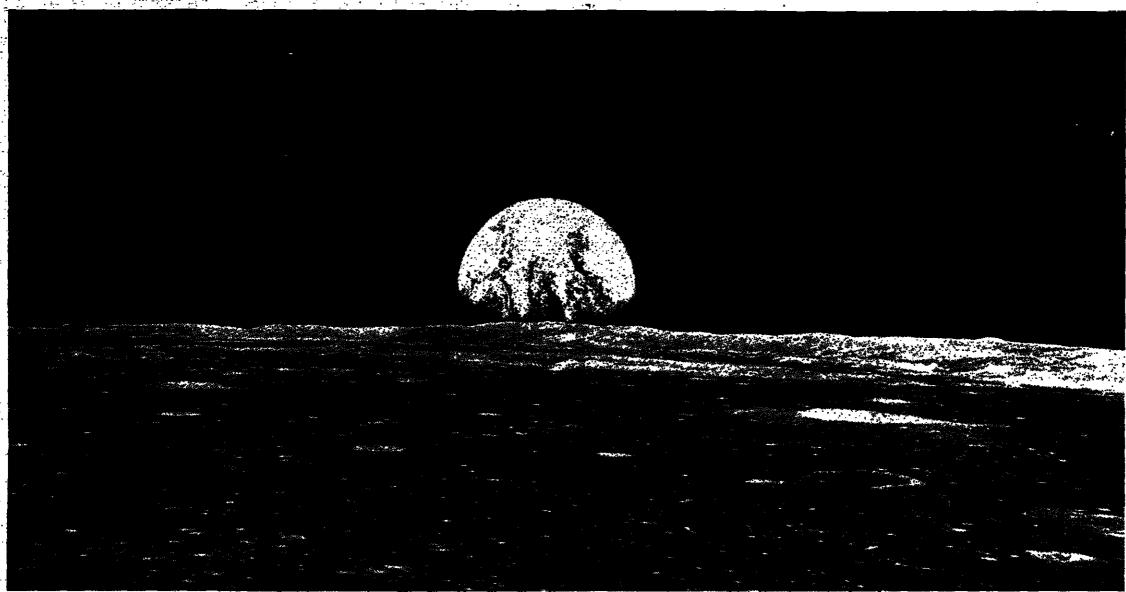
omy is as bad as it is now, I would say

his chances are slim."

He has let his intimates know that

he thinks that if the economy is lifting





The view of earth that greeted Apollo 11 astronauts from the moon

# A crowded world: can mankind survive in freedom?

# MANAGING OUR PLANET Pattern for survival

More and more people are concerned that the world is getting too small for the growing millions of men and women who live in it. Will there be enough food to go around? Will enough fresh air be left to breathe? Monitor correspondent Takashi Oka has been on three continents to see what governments are doing about this problem.

By Takashi Oka Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

"Is there hope for man?"

To some, the question may seem startling. Asked by Robert Heilbroner in his essay, "An inquiry into the human prospect," it indicates a current in human thought that has gathered momentum in the wake of a whole series of distillusioning shocks - the oil crisis, the soaring cost of food and of practically everything else, the population explosion, spreading pollution, the specter of famine, and most disturbing of all, the possibility of

The ringing "yes" that one would have expected from an American, a West European, or a Japanese a few short years ago is muffled by doubt and uncertainty today. Ordinary men and women are wary of facile promises and easy answers. They long for a Churchill or a Harry Truman who will talk to them straight from the shoulder even if the message is a call to "blood, toil, sweat, and

### Personal view of progress

I have a Swedish friend, a strapping sixfoot bearded journalist, who has experienced in his own lifetime the economic growth cycle that used to be considered the glory of

Western man. He can remember when his father, a labor unionist in a grim northern Swedish town, installed the family's first indoor bathroom. He can remember, interspersed among memories of torchlight parades and the stirring singing of the "Sons of Tollers," the first washing machine in his home, the first refrigerator, the first television set, the first car. He is a working-class man, and proud of It. But he is the first to admit the benefits his country's economic growth has brought.

This is a cycle familiar to Americans and Englishmen, Germans and Japanese, although some may have gone through it earlier than others. And then, suddenly, when the choice seemed to be between buying a second car, or a second holiday, or a second home, all the easy assumptions of the past seem to have been shattered.

### Disguiet spreads

The oil crisis was the immediate occasion for today's disquiet in the Western world. But the fundamental problems of Western industrial society had been building up for many years before Middle East potentates tightned their oil cocks and quadrupled the price of their liquid gold.

If economic growth is a process of producing and consuming more and more material things, it must at some point slow down and come to a halt, because everything about the earth's thin crust on which man lives and the thin atmosphere in which he is cocooned is

The pollution crisis alerted men to the fact that they cannot forever be transforming and consuming finite resources without eventually stifling in the effluents they themselves have produced. The food and population crises have demonstrated the direct relationship between the meat and bread which Westerners consume and famine in far-off lands. The oil crisis has dramatized the collective vulnerability of consumer countries dependent on a handful of producer. countries for fuel.

The result is what Mr. Hellbroner calls a 'civilizational malaise.' an undefined uneasiness among the hitherto rich nations of the earth that they face some kind of turning

Is civilized man, like the Romans in the days of their decline, facing a new dark age? Or is he, rather, on the verge of discovering a new world that will change the entire framework within which he has hitherto operated, as Columbus's discoveries did for the Europeans of the 15th century?

My Swedish friend confesses quite frankly that he does not know. Neither do most of his Western contemporaries.

My friend wonders whether his children will keep up, perhaps intensify, the race to acquire more and more even in Sweden's social welfare state, or whether they will find greater happiness in birch forests and a wooded lakeside cabin - assuming they can seek out an unpolluted lake. Meanwhile he throws himself into projects such as getting his well-fed countrymen to send more food to starving Bangladesh.

### The optimists

There are optimists who look on today's crisis as a temporary halt, a pause to gather new energies in human society's constant struggle to expand its capacities and its horizons, to reach beyond the stars to the farthest curve of the universe. They believe man may soon be farming the oceans and extracting minerals from Mars.

There are others - and at this moment they seem to be in a majority in the intellectual community - who resignedly proclaim, like the novelist C. P. Snow, that 'We've seen the best of the game."

Arnold Toynbee goes so far as to predict that the people of the so-called developed countries "are going to find themselves in a permanent state of siege, in which the material conditions of life will be at least as austere as they were during the two world

Much depends, of course, on the individual's own concept of himself, of his relationship to his fellowman, and ultimately, on his perception of reality. Such a perception can help an individual to maintain his moral and spiritual equilibrium when faced with the world's woes. It does not absolve him of the need to look these woes squarely in the face and join in tackling them.

Foremost among these woes is the population-food crisis. In the Western world and the Soviet Union, population growth has slowed. Instead of 1.1 billion people today, the world's developed nations may have 1.4 to 1.7 billion a century hence. But in the underdeveloped nations of Latin America, Africa, and southern Asia, population now doubles every quarter century. By 2075, these lands could have a total population of 40 billion, unless family planning, famine, or war reduces these numbers.

### Food running short

Meanwhile, food is running short; fish catches are declining; and Western man, including Soviet man, must decide whether to allow his increasing appetite for meat to eat into the vegetable food supply of the underdeveloped nations.

The world is divided into those who consume 2,000 pounds of grain a year and those who must get by on 400 pounds or less, as agricultural expert Lester Brown points out. Not just population growth, but rising affluence, has emerged as a "major claimant on the world's food-producing resources." The 400-pound-a-year eaters consume their grain directly, as rice or flour, whereas the 2,000-pound-a-year consumers feed most of their grain to animals which they in turn

"The average Indian's diet just about meets his physiological requirements of 2,100 kilocalories per day; whereas the food going into the average American's household exceeds his energy requirements by 20 percent," population expert Roger Revelle of Harvard University observes. "A large part of his excess is fat discarded in cooking and on the plate."

### **Environmental disruption**

Western man - and this includes the West's 20th-century extension, Japan - must also come to grips with environmental disruption caused by helter-skelter economic growth. Simple answers no longer suffice.

In the early years of the pollution uproar, factories equipped themselves with taller chimneys and traps to catch dust particles before they entared the atmosphere. Now they find they have to worry about gases which, because they are free of dust, no longer fall in the immediate vicinity of the factory but are carried into the upper atmosphere, eventually to cause harm over a far wider area.

Increasingly, the answers searched for become regional rather than municipal, global rather than national. "The basic unit of human cooperation and hence survival is moving from the national to the global level," says Edwin O. Reischauer.

Nor do science and technology appear as the all-sufficient problem-solvers they once proclaimed themselves to be.

New technologies bring new problems, as illustrated by the enormous problem of dealing with radioactive nuclear wastes. A ball of plutonium the size of a grapefruit contains enough poison to kill nearly all the people living today, point out Mikajlo Mesarovic and Eduard Pestel in their report to

the Club of Rome entitled "Mankind at the Turning Point." And Plutonium 239, which would be used in the new breeder reactors, has a radioactive life of 24,000 years.

Most chilling is the prospect, raised by Mr. Heilbroner, that many underdeveloped nations will not supinely accept starvation and famine as their lot; that human discontent in these countries will lead to iron regimes. which in turn may blackmail the West into sharing food and resources more equitably with them. Their weapon? Quite possibly, it could be nuclear.

· India has demonstrated the relative ease with which even poor countries can join the nuclear club. It used to be asked whether Washington would be willing to risk the nuclear destruction of New York in order to save Paris, or Hamburg, or Oslo.

But the new hypothetical question could become: Would Washington - or Moscow or London - counter a threat of nuclear blackmail from say Bangladesh or Kampala? The proliferation of nuclear technology is one of the nightmares of the post-Hiroshima world.

### Moral surviva)

The Western countries themselves, Arnold Toynbee suggests, may have to impose authoritarian controls on their citizenry in order to manage economies that either have ceased to grow, or that are growing at minimal rates. "In all developed countries," he writes, "a new way of life - a severely regimented way - will have to be imposed by a ruthless authoritarian government."

What could be at stake is the moral survival of the individual in a free society, as opposed to his physical survival in a controlled society.

The office worker or the housewife in the United States or Canada, France or Japan reads about these problems and may nod his head sagaciously. But he is more likely to shake it in vexation.

Inflation and recession close to home he can understand. He can even see that the quadrupled price of oil has something to do with this. He can resolve to eat less, although he cannot be certain that this will help the starving in Bangladesh or south of the Sahara.

What is his responsibility, ultimately, for the world community? How effective can one man's actions be, in a world that seems so complex? Is there linkage between joblessness and the high cost of living in the West and mass hunger around the southern rim of

### Collision course

Can rich first-class passengers survive, to use Mr. Hellbroner's metaphor, on a train rushing toward doomsday with more and more third-class passengers clambering aboard and hanging onto the doors and windows? Can all the passengers survive together, and at what price?

Throughout recorded human history there have been times of pessimism about the future. Sometimes they have preceded the collapse of a civilization. Sometimes the flowering of a new renaissance. The difference, this time, is that the civilization is global — all of us — not just Incas, or Hittites on the brink, or English about to burst into the Elizabethan age.

Succeeding articles will examine some of the options for us.

First of five parts. Tomorrow: the foodpopulation crisis.

# **sports**

# Spinning sprocket puts money in her pocket

Stunt cyclist rockets from hairdressing to tough target jumping

> Sports writer of The Christian Science Monitor

To the regular customers of her Phoenix beauty shop, Rena Hart is a hairdresser. To anyone who has seen her in the Cycle-Rama Motorcycle Thrill Show, Rena is a hair raiser.

Trading a smock for a helmet and \$350 heart-covered leathers, she rockets her cycle off ramps at 60 mph, covering some 70-80 feet between take-off and landing.

A new attraction of the thrill show pits her against stunt cyclist Johnny Brower in a Battle of the Sexes target jumping contest.

The riders are judged on style, form, and pinpoint landing ability using video replays. When Rena first beat Brower in Dallas, the two didn't talk to each other for nearly a month.

Fortunately, Rena is understanding and has a reason for putting up with Brower's pouting. "Johnny is my husband," she explains, "but we don't go out of our way to publicize that

#### Mile on the back wheel

Rena has learned everything she knows about motorcycling from Brower, who did all the stunts in the movie "Electra Glide in Blue." According to Rena, he does the ultimate wheelie.

"Most riders do power wheelies where they rock back on one tire for a short distance," she says. "But Johnny can ride a mile on the back wheel while going through all five

Rena first started riding in cyclehappy Phoenix about five years ago. The three-wheeler she bought wasn't

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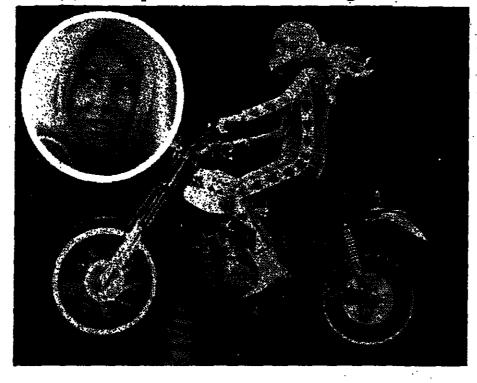
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Rena in Cycle-Rama Thrill Show

much to look at, but it was a lot cheaper to operate than a car.

While riding through the desert one day she came upon Brower practicing his ramp-to-ramp jumps.

For Rena, it was love at first sight with jumping, not Johnny. The romance between the two cyclists was to kindle more gradually during the jumping lessons Brower agreed to give his new protegee.

#### Speed very important

The most important thing, she learned, was to pick up speed quickly but steadily on the approach - without looking down at the speedometer.

"I listen to the purr of the engine," Rena says. "When I know I'm up to 60 mph I'll hold it there.

**EMPLOYMENT** 

"In the air, you have a weightless sensation. And if you land properly you never even feel your back tire touch down. But the front tire comes where speed is so important.

#### Together, Rena and Johnny make about \$12,000 for a three-day show. down with greater impact and that's That's more than Rena makes in an entire year as a hairdresser. Is it any "I've gone as fast as 65 mph, but wonder her beauty salon is up for when the front wheel made contact on

## U.S. golf tour faces British Open problem

By the Associated Press

**EMPLOYMENT** 

The prestige-laden British Open is wreaking such havoc with the United States' pro golf tour that there's a last-resort possibility that American players will be prohibited from playing in that venerable event according to Deane Beman, commissioner of

Tackling the rugged terrain of the

desert is the best practice for a stunt

Desert has constant surprises

The changing face of the desert

makes for constant surprises, Rena

says. "What was a smooth river bed

one week might be covered with

There are other challenges, too,

primarily from some of the desert's

less hospitable inhabitants. Rena has

a way with animals - she owns a

house-broken iguans - but when in

the company of rattlesnakes she sim-

ply throws her legs over the handle-

their bikes with tender, loving care,

and Rena is no exception. Though

hardly a mechanic (she makes only

minor repairs), she is an industrious

polisher. Her greatest show of affec-tion comes right before jumping when

she leans over and kisses the gas tank

ask incredulously. "That bike doesn't

have a mind of its own." Rena just

"What are you doing," Brower will

Motorcyclists are known to treat

bars and keeps on truckin'.

of her Honda 250.

cyclist Rena feels.

gopher holes the next."

"I would certainly want to find a solution short of that," he empha-

The problem, Beman says, is that the British Open "destroys a month of our season - and it's a month that should be the cream of our season; it's a month in which the golf courses in the Northeast section of the country are at their best." The British Open is played in July.

American players who compete in that tournament normally skip the U.S. events immediately before and after the British Open. That creates a three-week gap in which leading American players do not appear in this country.

Americans have won eight of the last 13 British Opens.

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# If Finley snubs Bando how about Red Sox

By Phil Elderkin

Palm Springs, Calif.

Oakland's Sal Bando is not a picture baseball player. Sometimes when he stoops to field a grounder the ball will skip past him into the outfield. A Brooks Robinson at third base he is not.

But put Salvatore up to the plate with men on base and he will hit even the best pitchers consistently. His concentration under those conditions, he says, increases 100 percent.

Last season Sal had 24-game winning hits, plus a ton of runsbatted-in. To those Oakland writers who travel regularly with the club, Bando is more valuable to the Athletics in terms of field leadership than Reggie Jackson or Joe Rudi or anyone else.

Yet there have been rumors that Charles O. Finley, the owner of the A's franchise, may trade his third baseman for an established pitcher. What, somebody asked Sal, do you think?

"I think there is some truth in it." Bando replied. "I think Finley might trade me. All I did last year was drive in 103 runs and Charlie sends me the same contract. In other words it did not call for a raise.

"I guess Reggie Jackson and a couple of our other key players got the same treatment," he continued, "although I heard Finley cut Dick Green 20 percent." Green, of course, is the second basemen who stole base hit after base hit from the Los Angeles Dodgers in last October's World Series.

Sal says that if he does not get what he wants in the way of a salary increase, he is going to take his case to arbitration.

"I'd prefer not to," he explained. 'I don't want the haggling that goes with a thing like that. And I sure don't want to listen to what Charlie will have to say in court. He always acts as his own lawyer in things like this. But if I don't get another contract pretty soon, with a raise, I di have any other way to go." If Bando were to be trad

where would he like to go? "I'd love to be able to show the short left-field wall at Fem-Park in Boston," Sal remarks "That would be an ideal spot a pull hitter like me. I think I co put a few pitchers' mistakes in

"I'd probably lose some exi base hits because some of my li drives would come back off t wall fast enough to be held

### Change of pace

singles. But by the same toke I'd get some home runs on hi fly balls that would be caught other ball parks."

Asked if he thought that Os land, even without pitcher Cattl Hunter, could win it all again-1975, Baлdo replied:

"People have never given th team the credit it deserves. We're always lucky when we win it i never our depth or our over talent. Well, we've now be lucky three years in a row. Y make a mistake against us a we'll take advantage of it. A we've still got that great rel

"We've had a few clubbou fights that got into the papers a you know how the public alway reacts to a thing like that," continued. "They always get t wrong impression. But we really a closely knit team. I just that nobody on this club w something to say ever holds an thing back.

"Actually my feelings pretty mixed about going to a other team. We've won the World Series in a row and he many teams have ever done that And I wouldn't mind being a per of that again. What bothers me Finley. He takes all the fun out winning by making you fight f everything you get during the season. Me, I'm just tired fighting. It's as simple as that."

# Permanent position. Write Music Comm., First Church of Christ, Scien

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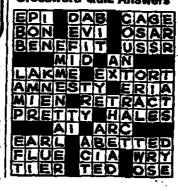
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Contractors intending to bid on this project must first obtain. Form R-108, "Request for Proposal Forms" from the Pre-qualification Office, Room 203, 20 Somerset Street, Boston. Upon approval and payment of the required amount, the prospective bidder shall be entitled to receive a set or plans and specifications.

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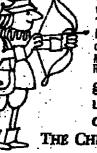
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# education

# /lemory of black oet unites school



By Katie H. Armitage Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Lawrence, Kan. While "Bad Morning" was one of ... ie most popular poems of the protaram, this particular morning was a od one for the children of Woodlawn iementary School, Lawrence, Kan.

ach class began the assembly by

. sciting poems memorized earlier in

:.... ie week in their rooms. Now they listened to the dignified entleman who had been a friend of 1e poet Langston Hughes. John Tayor spoke softly and slowly of his ongtime friend, of how they had gone o school together in this very city, bout Hughes's quick smile and ready

The assembly had opened with the chool orchestra playing 'When the laints Go Marching In," and proeeded with the rhythms of "April lain Song," "Happiness," "My 'eople," and other poems by Langton Hughes, presented in class proups by younger children and indi--idually by girls and boys of the upper grades. Adults also participated. A lack teacher from another school macted "Mother to Son" with one of -- per students

Everyone, kindergartners to sixth graders, joined in with

> Here I set With my shoes mismated Lordy mercy! I's frustrated.

The joy of this school assembly for nally mixed children of the brome area was not only in the six poetry that Hughes wrote for and about children, but in the experience

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of coming into direct and immediate contact with their heritage through adults of their community.

#### Hughes 'moves on'

died?''

Mr. Taylor still lives near the school which he served for many years as custodian. Langston Hughes early moved on to other cities and later success as a major black writer. As his work began to be published, he remembered his school friend and sent copiés of his books as each appeared. The bookshelves of John Taylor's home have more of the books of Hughes than do the shelves of the city library.

Mr. Taylor graciously answered questions from the older children after his brief talk. "How old was Langston when he

"Sixty-five." In the intimate atmosphere that had been created by the earlier part of the program the first name for the famous poet seemed entirely appro-

"Did Langston have any children?" "No, he never married." Even the "How old are you?" was

respectful, and when the guest turned

5.30 -->1-01

that query into a guessing game, many children called out numbers, "70," "85," and on until "75," the correct year, was heard. The exchange was brief, but the questions were sometimes simple and concrete, sometimes concerned with life's profound experiences.

School assemblies are often limited. to necessary but mundane exhortations regarding safety and citizenship. Only rarely does all the school come together to share classroom work, to allow children to overcome shyness to speak before a large group and to meet neighbors in genuine encounter. The planner of this assembly was Mrs. Ruth M. Andrews, the school librarian. Every school should have a Mrs. Andrews, that is, a staff member knowledgeable about the community and its past who can elicit cooperation from a wide variety of children and adults.

The details of this assembly may not be duplicable in other schools; though Langston Hughes lived in other Kansas cities as well as in Chicago, Cleveland, and New York, but other cities, other regions have their own sons and daughters ofrenown and adults who are willing to

share their experiences and their humanity with today's children.

#### Note of warning

Urie Bronfenbrenner, the social psychologist who has thought most deeply and written most convincingly about how it is that children grow up to be cooperative, caring adults, has warned that families in our mobile and fragmented society are less and less about to provide their children with the necessary experiences. Mr. Bronfenbrenner has cautioned that unless radical innovations are introduced into schools all children will be culturally deprived, not of cognitive stimulation, but of their human-

He has called for a broadened conception of the teacher's role to include a conscious responsibility to bring appropriate adult models outside the school staff into the education of today's children. The school assembly, if carefully and imaginatively planned, can be one means to this end, and it costs the taxpayers not one extra penny.

The author is a teacher's aide at the

# Guidelines for rating multicultural goals of your school system

Evaluation Guidelines for Multicultural / Multiracial Education, published and distributed by the National Study of School Evaluation, Arlington, VA 22201 (\$5 per single

On a scale of 1-4 answer the follow-

To what extent is the staff of your local school committed to multicultu-

ral/multiracial education? How effectively does the principal perform his duties in relation to multicultural/multiracial education?

To what extent does concern for multicultural/multiracial education permeate the entire school program? How effectively are the guidance services meeting the needs of non-

white students? As a result of requests for assistance, the National Study of School Evaluation, (NSSE), Arlington, Va., developed evaluation guidelines for use by both independent and public schools. The NSSE recommends that differing schools adapt the evaluation questions to meet their specific needs.

Most importantly, the NSSE suggests that school boards and school staffs set forth in clear and precise language their own goals and basic assumptions for multicultural/multiracial education. And that the questions to be asked bear directly on these goals.

To help a school develop a statement of philosophy, the guidelines suggest among others, that the following questions be addressed:

What are the school's aims for fostering multicultural/multiracial education as a primary commitment of a pluralistic society?

To what extent should the school seek to reduce, if not remove, the competitive element from relations between different subcultural and racial groups?

Should the school attempt to ensure an equal distribution of power and

prestige among the various subcultural and racial groups?

The guidelines cover fundamental commitments, the school and community setting, the central office, the school program, and even extracurricular activities. They appear both non-threatening and objective. And would give a concerned-parent group a good instrument to test the racial atmosphere at any given school.

Because of the nature of the evaluation procedure, it is one which might be given frequently over a period of several years, especially in communities just beginning to attempt to achieve pluralism, over and above physical proximity of various racial groups.

Also the guidelines separate community acceptance of multicultural multiracial activities from acceptance by school authorities. If one is ahead of the other, this should be known so that those working for harmony will know where to concentrate the healing work.

There must be healing of racial strife in United States public schools. And one means toward healing is an understanding of where the problems are and how far a school or community must go to improve educational conditions. Cynthia Parsons

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With New York City inspector, Mrs. Furness checks for short-weighting in supermarket

# Betty Furness: consumers' friend

Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

New York

Betty Furness makes viewers believe she is on their side. As a television consumer-news re-

porter on the 5 to 7 p.m. news on WNBC, Miss Furness receives 900 letters a week.

No one reports consumer news quite like she does. She is often clearly one-sided. Her delivery is zingy, sometimes funny, and she obviously enjoys tattling on those who have done consumers wrong.

One evening she told of a mail-order house she had discovered which didn't deliver. "It's called the U.S. Treasury," she said. After going into the intricacies of someone who tried to get coins from the Treasury only to be told not to expect delivery for from "1 to 12 months," Miss Furness concluded, "If that's the way the whole Treasury is run, it's no wonder the federal budget doesn't balance."

### 'Safety' reasons questioned

She found a woman in a wheelchair who had been put off a National Airlines plane because of "safety" reasons. (The woman was interviewed on the 5:20 p.m. film segment of her Action 4 report.)

Filming a program in a supermarket on the short-weighting of goods packaged by manufacturers. Miss Furness was approached by a shopper wagging a box of cereal in her face. ("I am a street caseworker," Miss Furness said later.)

The night before, Miss Furness had reported on the cereal study completed by Consumer Reports:

"And here's Betty Furness, all ready to throw us for a Fruit Loop," ad-libbed anchorman Tom Snyder. "Maypo," Cheerios," and "Special K" came out best, she said. When she had finished, Mr. Snyder, who couldn't stop punning, said, "Thank you Betty, we still get our Kix out of

million in one lawsuit - brought by a school for nurses aides which claimed to be affiliated with a hospital. "They haven't got a chance," said Miss Furness.

#### 'Just goes ahead'

Adding that she knows she gets away with more advocacy reporting than anybody else on the evening news, she says it has never been spelled out so she just goes ahead. The script for 6:20 p.m. which she writes herself has been changed only three or four times and then only for grammar.

"No one has ever asked me to change a fact or an attitude, and it is perfectly clear that I am not objective in a lot of the reporting that I do," she said in a recent interview.

"I don't even know the degree to which advertisers or people that I've mentioned have put pressure on NBC because NBC doesn't tell me. That is one marvelous thing about being in the news area. They keep at arms length. . . . It is gutsy of them. I think it is only as it should be, because I don't know how we are going to straighten out the marketplace if when something isn't good, you don't know which one it is."

Miss Furness, who was Special Assistant to the President for Consumer Affairs under President Lyndon B. Johnson, chairman of the New York State Consumers Protection Board, was commissioner of the Department of Consumer Affairs of the City of New York from April 1973 to December, 1973.

### People need to know

"For all you do about passing and enforcing laws and trying to persuade industry to do the right thing, no matter what practices are changed or what laws are passed, if people don't know about them, they are at a disadvantage," she said.

"The problem of getting information to the people is a tough one, and I have known since the day I started in this business how to get information

It is the only place to do it.'

Miss Furness, who in the early days of TV was best known for commercials in which she said: "You can be sure if it's Westinghouse," continued: "If I can, over a period of time, get information to make people behave differently in the marketplace and make them stand up for their own rights, then I will feel I have done an awful lot of good."

She tries to tell consumers what people can't do to them. "You know, simple things such as: Don't sign a contract with blank spaces in it. Don't feel like a fool if you ask a question. If you don't understand something, it is because they don't want you to understand it - not because you are dumb."

#### Many nondelivery complaints She has not been surprised about

the types of complaints which flood in on her one secretary, her threeperson complaint department, and her two producers.

"Nondelivery of mail-order goods is probably America's No. 1 complaint as far as volume is concerned," she said. "It isn't as far as dollars are concerned. It isn't Sears, Roebuck, it isn't the big companies, it is the ads in the backs of magazines.

"The furniture business is probably the least satisfactory business. You fust can't get delivery."

Landlord problems and housing complaints also pour into her office which only takes complaints by letter. "You name it, we get it," she said. "And of course, we get a lot about food.

"I have spent my life as a consumer advocate trying to stay out of the food area because I don't want consumer protection to be associated with 'home ec'. I don't think that is where it belongs and I never wanted that image. But this year, what are you going to do? The price of food and the quality of food are major irritants. . . And that's where people are living every day.

By the Associated Press

Resourceful young girls are expanding their wardrobes without

denting meager clothes allowances.

They are turning old nightgowns into

evening dresses, evening dresses into

bathing suits, and leans into skirts.

It's a time when nothing is thrown out

by youthful seamstresses if there is a

scrap of fabric left that can be turned-

helps stamp rhinestones to a gar-

"The biggest annoyance of the year was the remarking of prices on existing foods in supermarkets. We finally came to the sad conclusion that if they didn't remark them, they were going to get the same amount of money from you some other way.

lar battle.

Surprised by men's actions

There was no way to win that particu-

"People send us food labels," she continued. "The last four I have reported on were sent by men. That is really astonishing, because I have always believed men shouldn't be allowed in food stores (they buy impulsively, don't read labels, buy things they are never going to eat, spend too much money, and don't check prices). That doesn't seem to be so any more."

Often Miss Furness and her staff contact companies about complaints from viewers. "We get results that people can't get, there is no question about it," she said. "My hope is that in areas we report that companies are not doing the right thing, that it will be worth their while to straighten out.

"I've done four shows on Bank-Americard Banker's Trust. I started one of them by saying, 'Bank-Americard's done it again.' And I just keep at them.

"I called them a week ago and said, I have a couple of cases I want to ask you about,' and the man knew the cases I was talking about. They are paying attention. But the only way I'll lay off is if I have no complaints about them."

Miss Furness, who is married to Leslie Midgly, a producer at CBS, would like to get some of her consumer complaints on national news.

'If I am going to be a big frog in a little pond, I wouldn't want to be in any other pond. I was born in New York. I love the city, They are my people and I feel good about that. But as far as the large picture of getting information to the public, obviously the national news would reach more."

# Equal opportunities for French women called a delusion

By Betty Davies Special to The Christian Science Monitor

A recently published survey of French women's working conditions. commissioned by "Elle," the most influential women's weekly in France, shows that equality of opportunity and treatment for nonprofessional women has a hollow ring, as it has elsewhere in the world.

The survey was conducted by writer Jean Mauduit and a team of 650 women volunteer investigators. It was completed in 1973. Some 4,000 women were polled and 300 women interviewed in depth. A field survey of working conditions in 21 economic regions also was carried out.

The survey revealed that women workers in general are paid less than men for equal jobs and that equal opportunity is a delusion. Women, the survey shows, are handicapped in employers' eyes because they have to interrupt their work for pregnancies and to raise their babies until they are of nursery-school age. As a result they are rarely considered for responsible well-paid jobs.

#### Several reasons to work

Women go out to work for several reasons. They work because they are alone or are the breadwinner for dependents, or because they want to increase the family's standard of living.

Others work because they want to have the satisfaction of a career or because their husband's profession or trade demands their collaboration, like farmers' or shopkeepers' wives, for instance. In all cases except the latter, they want the work and accept what is offered. In some cases the wife has to leave well-paid and satisfying work to follow her husband whose career and job opportunities

come first. The survey accents the fact that the hours for a working woman are longer than those for a working man (except in the rare cases where the husband takes a real share of the domestic chores): According to the survey a woman wage earner works 15.01 hours a day, a farmer's wife 12.44 hours a day, and a shopkeeper's or for the cash desk, the administration, and accountancy) 16.03 hours a day.

### Greatest strain cited

The greatest strain is felt by the factory, office, or shop worker who has to travel long distances, face transport frustrations and bad weather and the worry of finding someone to look after her children. Half of the women workers said they were exhausted at the end of the day.

Farmers' wives (and daughters) do not complain of hard physical work, but of the fact that though they share all tasks with their menfolk, including driving tractors, in addition to looking after the animals, preparing produce for market and meals for the family and hired hands, they have no personal income and no status.

Yet 50 percent of the women who remain at home envy those who work, chiefly because they feel cut off from the outside world.

In spite of all this, however, there is no strongly vocal women's movement in France. There are no acrimonious recriminations against men - chauvinists they often are called, but never chauvinist pigs. This possibly is because there is no rigid male opposi-

"Frenchmen take the evolution of

women probably better than anywhere else in the world," Francoise Giroud, State Secretary the Condition of Women. "They becoming conscious of the injust women suffer and are reacting p tively."

#### Slow but sure progress

Professional women are climb the ladder to the top jobs slowly surely, backed by France's new-s President, Valery Giscard d'Estat It was he who named France Giroud (former co-founder and ed of L'Express, France's No. 1 p magazine) as State Secretary for Condition of Women. He also pointed Mme. Simone Welll, a ma trate. as Minister of Health an former prison doctor Mme. He Dorlhac as Secretary of State Penal Reform.

To Simone Weill, fell the task getting the highly controversial a tion law through Parliament. She this with brio and tact and earned herself the title of No. 1 man in Cabinet. She now is spoken of potential prime minister mater Mme Dorlhac is facing a task vious ministers have shunned, an a time when riots are the order of day in French prisons.

Another plum job has gone Jacqueline Baudrier, now supre head of the French National Re Network. Women, too, have b accepted into the famous p military technical schools, Polyto nique and Centrale, which are seeding ground for France's top ministrators, bankers, and po cians. The first woman to be accept came out head of her class.

There are almost as many won doctors, druggists, dentists, and m istrates in France as there are n and as many, if not more, we lawyers. France has had, since Wo War II, a record number of wor owners and managers of big firm some of them engineering and a

Nevertheless there still are mi peaks to be conquered and in traditional attitudes (particula those of women themselves) to

### Giroud poll results

Francoise Giroud commission her own survey among women wh

 One out of two women of work age in France today work, and that percent of them want to go on work no matter what their financial;po

• Even if a \$200 a month stayhome bonus were affered, 42 perc of those in need of extra money wo · Over one third of the won

workers think that women should s at home with the child until it eligible for nursery school (3 yes and another 35 percent until it goes primary school at the age of six they had two children (the number percent of the women said the wanted) within a period of two ye this would mean an interruption working life of from 5½ to 8 years.

Publishing the results of her pol L'Express Françoise Giroud poin out that unemployment is going to a serious setback for women. The will inevitably, she says, be treated "job stealers" and told to get back the home where they belong, not all once, of course, because that wo leave 8 million jobs vacant in sect that men scorn, but bit by bit in the they covet.

# coming features

#### LORNE GREENE IN A NEW ROLE

Lorne Greene, long familiar to TV fans as "Bonanza's" steely-eyed, firm-jawed Ben Cartwright, is enjoying new popularity as host/narrator of "The Last of the Wild." His interview with the Monitor's television critic Arthur Unger covers many topics, including his work on the new documentary, recent roles, and his offcamera life.

That's the new Washington,

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 13

# "WORLD'S MOST

# **AUTOMATED SUBWAY"**

D.C., subway system, due to begin operation in September, more than 98 miles of track and super-modern aluminum cars. The new system, estimated to cost \$4.5 billion, is described by Peter Stuart, with photos by Norman Math-

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 20

#### Any old dress, suit, or gown may be livened with new trimmings or remodeling, and new gadgets are making iteasier. There is a new fastener that?

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

#### ment. It can help spell out one's name on a T-shirt or put a shimmering design on a blouse.

into something new.

Needle, thread needed A new book, "Gladrags" (New" York: Simon & Schuster), may prove helpful to teen-agers who want to learn how to redesign old garments. It tells how to redesign, remake, and refit old ciothes. For example, old pants and a sleeveless top may beturned into a short jumpsuit with cuffed pants and sleeves. It's all done with scissors, thread, and needle.

The idea of the book, insist authors Delia Brock and Lorraine Bodger, is not only to add a bit of rickrack or lace to change a costume, but to disguise it completely. Restyling a garment, dyeing the fabric, and adding buttons or fringe or braid are

### Recycle sweaters

stylish ways to do it.

Sew old clothes into something new

Turning a long sweater into a short one involves cutting off the bottom of the sweater, shortening the sleeves, and altering the neckline. Add buttons and a wide-tie closing, and challenge your best friend to tell you whether she has seen the garment before.

Other ideas suggested in the book for recycling a sweater into a stylish mode include these:

A pullover sweater with crew or turtle neckline may get a new look by making it shorter, snugger, and using satin ribbon, metallic braid, embroidery thread, star studs, spangles. sequins and glass, shiny or iridescent seed beads.

### Try bright colors

As for blouses, the authors suggest dyeing faded blouses a bright new

color and stained blouses a darker color (when the stain color is lighter than the blouse color). Using embroidery designs to revitalize an old blouse can be a real budget stretcher. Embroidered borders may be used, too, around sleeves, neckline, and the bottom of a blouse.

Turning old pants into fancy pants may have some appeal for home sewers. There are instructions for inserting fabric after opening leg seams, for adding pocket and cuff trims, decorations and so on.

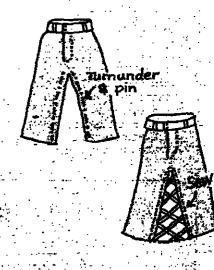
### Jeans transformed

One attractive change that can be made with jeans is turning them into short or long skirts with the addition of a V-shaped piece of fabric. Blue and white or red and white licking provides a nice transition.

An estimated one-half yard is needed to convert jeans to a mediumsize skirt, more if one is turning jeans into a long skirt.

### Don't forget seam

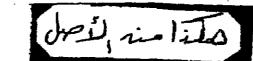
The crotch seam is opened, front and back, for a few inches. Fabric is turned under until it is smooth. It



How jeans become a ski

should be pinned down and tried on see if it lies flat, which may be t most tedious part of the insert.

After ironing flat, cut off the exce fabric, leaving a one-half-inch sea allowance. The seam at the top of t opening should be reinforced wi hand stitches. After that you estima the amount of fabric needed, allowb an inch for a seam, pinning it to t opening to see if it lies flat and smoo before you cut it.



Courtesy of the Joseph H. Hirshhorn Foundation, Inc. Washington, D.C.

"Brothers" 1946: Tempera by Ben Shahn

# Someone on my mind

There is a man who keeps roaming through my mind. I know little about him, only an incident in his life really, and we have never met. Still, I think of him often.

Since I haven't met this man, this friend, I cannot fairly describe him as cautious or unimaginative or overlydutiful. But from what I know I suspect he is all these things. Perhaps he is virtuous, too - or inclined to think he is.

Most people would find him a bit of a bore, lacking in color and zip. Probably he has little to say for himself. Certainly he has missed adventures, either of the mind or of foreign travel, which might give him some air of mystery - and he isn't likely to discuss the family scandal.

In short, he is straight, a square. And yet I've often wondered if there aren't other things inside him trying to get out.

The square has never gotten much of a break in the mythology of our culture. For me that makes this friend a kind of underdog. My sympathies flow automatically toward him. But, more important than that, I think we are, most of ua, like <u>him</u>.

Most of us are cautious in the face of risks and disinclined to shirk what seem our duties. Most of us would like to possess more zip and imagination than we do. And if we had something to believe in profoundly, most of us would like to be virtuous.

As for the scandal. My friend's younger brother rebelled against the family and its way of life. One day he announced his intention to live elsewhere. What's more, he insisted he be given what would eventually come to him. If the gall of this vexed my friend — and I'm certain it did he must have been even more chagrined when his father agreed to the demand.

All too soon reports came back that the brother was living wildly, throwing money around and keeping bad company. My friend was irked, I'm sure, by the commiseration of neighbors - and irritated that they talked and tittered behind the family's back. I suppose he put a brave face on things and did the best he could. I don't imagine he thought much about what would happen if and when his brother came back.

When the money ran out, he did come back. Naturally the father was overjoyed. He organized a welcome home party and got word

around the neighborhood. At this point in the story I participate. I see myself running through a fading twilight to get to the party. Crossing a field behind the house, I find my friend, standing alone in his work

"Why are you here?" I ask. "Aren't you coming to the party?"

"No," he mutters determinedly, "I'm not." "Why not? Everyone'll want you there."

After a moment he grumbles an explanation. "He never gave a party for me," he says. Then I sense his seething resentment. I put an arm around his shoulder because that's what feels right. I start to blurt: "Oh, come on now," but that seems wrong, as if he were a child. After a long moment I say: "Sometimes that's important, isn't it?"

He nods. "I've been here all this time, working like = "He is too choked up to go on.

"Well," I say, "he should have let y he appreciated you. Sometimes it needs to be said and shown." I hold him closer around the shoulders. "But don't insist that he do it right

now. He's all excited - " "Actually he came out here;" my friend says.

"What happened?" "He tried to make it right with me."

"Did you let him?" He tells me what his father said, and I reply: "You see? What more could be say than that?'

There are tears in my friend's eyes. He nods his head, agreeing with my question. But he doesn't say anything and he doesn't move.

I put my hands on both his shoulders now. I try to look him in the eyes. "Your brother has come back to you all," I say. "Your father has come, out here. Now you've got to complete the circle. You've got to go in to them."

But my friend lowers his eyes and will not look

I want to shake him. I want to say bluntly: Look, for once in your life forget the caution. Stop being so rigidly dutiful and cold. Show some compassion. Stop for once being afraid of what people will say and do what the best of you wants

But I don't say that. I merely give him a smile

and shout: "I'll see you there." I run on. After a moment I turn back, My friend is still there. I look at him - strangely, it's as if into a mirror - and I wonder: Will he

My participation always ends at this point. The question is never answered.

Perhaps that is why my friend's story so fascinates me. That and the fact that, though I have never been a prodigal out visiting fleshpots, still there is a journey he and I have to make. And that journey is compassion.

Frederic Hunter

### Untitled

Ź

clothes.

1.5

Don't smile. A smile hides what the face has to say. I want a thinking face and honest lips uncompromising difficult words that come slowly, and the mind's message that sometimes flickers on the surface of the eye.

### to some maturity of view. Vicki Leon

There is no there, per se. There is seeing it, would I? To make there

its color and its line.

I need not worry over its

direction or its weight.

perhaps I finálly agree

to benefit by every new

revealing, and so come

Thus late

human sense.

#### in the affirmative · Each day invents its own design .

"H'w AREyu!" we say and we couldn't care less -

Care unaware

yet we say it: What for?

Is our real self insisting we really care more?

#### only the far side of here. I have no there and not here, I must switch off **Neither** first hand knowledge of there except the picture . . . but then there is as the composite of here. There can obviously not here any more beonly be imagined as being there. It is cause it's not there any more! The never experienced there. If anyone feat is to know how to make there here nor were to try to transport there here to prove it to me. It would obviously become here, not there. Yet human there. . . . sense insists on a there though it has illustrate the fateful fact that there never been seen nor touched by

Pearl Strachan Hurd

If I watch a picture of what I call there on television, it must be here there and experienced it, but bepresent with me or I wouldn't be cause I am here.

(anywhere) appear to be here at will. Defeat is not to be able to do this. I believe that Jesus came to is only here, here and hereafter . . . and that is good. Motion is neither here nor there to omnipresence.

I know this, not because I was

Olga Cossi

The Monitor's daily religious article

# Companionship

Companionship is generally re- or her real spiritual selfhood, exgarded as something we all want and need, and it is good to know that God provides us with whatever we need. Oftentimes, however, a higher concept of companionship and friendship is required before they are manifested in our lives.

Christ Jesus started us in the right direction when he said, 'Seek ye first the kingdom of God, and his righteousness."

When at one time I lacked friends and yearned for companionship, I realized I had to get a more spiritual concept of what companionship really is. I prayed as I have learned to do in Christian Science. As a consequence it came to me that cherished companionships of the past, whatever their outward form, had really consisted of qualities that were mutually appreciated - honesty, kindness, joy, respect for one another. Even when certain people are not present, their lovely and lovable qualities are, for the source of these qualities is God, ever-present Truth and Love. This is what we actually companion with - the qualities of Life and Love - and everyone, in his

presses the good and lasting qualities of God. And each expresses these qualities in a very individual way.

With this better concept of companionship - as impersonal and universal - I found many happy things occurring. I persisted in not mentally planning how it should come, and companionship did come, and in delightful and wholly unexpected ways.

A very personal or physical sense of companionship tends to be limited and often unreliable, but man, the spiritual expression of God, includes within his being the completeness that is his in God. Humanly expressed, it shows itself in improved relationships with others. Understanding their relationship with God, people are not strangers to each other, nor need they become estranged from each other.

Loneliness, then, is the belief that we have been separated from good. But man's unity with God, the source of all good, is forever intact.

Mary Baker Eddy, who discovered and founded Christian Science, writes, "Divine Love always has met and always will meet every human need."2 And she also gives this reassurance: "Where God is we can meet, and where God is we can never

part."3 Even a human sense of parting need not be unhappy, for, like evening before morning, it is but the first step in meeting again. And could you ever part from the true selfhood of anyone? Only by not seeing it. An idea of divine Mind can't be separated from another when all are in His presence forever.

A temporary lack of companionship, no matter what the circumstances involved, can offer the opportunity to gain a higher, more spiritual concept of it, and so enable us to become more receptive, more perceptive of the good that now surrounds us, and which we do not yet see. Divine Love fills every seeming void, enabling us to bless and be blessed.

'Matthew 6:33: 'Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures, p. 494; 'The First Church of Christ, Scientist, and Miscellany, p. 131.

[This is a Swedish translation of today's religious article] Översättning av den religiösa artikal aom finns på engelska på denna sida flover Kristen Vetenskan forekommer i svensk oversettning en påne ver

### Gemenskap

Vänner anses i allmänhet vara något vi alla vill ha och behöver, och det är gott att veta att Gud förser oss med allt vi behöver. Ofta är det emellertid nödvändigt för oss att komma fram till en klarare uppfattning om gemenskap och vånskap innan dessa begrepp manifesteras i vart liv.

Till vägledning gav oss Kristus Jesus sina ord: "Söken först efter [Guds] rike och hans rättfärdig-

När jag vid ett tillfälle saknade vänner och innerligt längtade efter kontakt, însåg jag att jag måste få ett mer andligt begrepp om vad gemenskap verkligen är. Jag bad så som jag har lärt mig i Kristen Vetenskap\*. Som en följd av detta kom den tanken till mig att de vänskapsförbindelser jag dittills satt värde på, vilka former de än hade haft, i själva verket hade bestått av egenskaper som båda parter hade uppskattat — ärlighet, vänlighet, glädje, ömsesidig respekt. Aven då vissa människor inte är närvarande så är deras älskliga och värdefulla egenskaper det, för källan till dessa egenskaper är Gud. den allnärvarande Sanningen och Kärleken. Egentligen är det dessa egenskaper som är vårt umgänge — Livets och Kärlekens egenskaper och alla uttrycker vi i vårt verkliga andliga jag Guds goda och varaktiga egenskaper. Och var och en uttrycker dessa egenskaper på ett mycket individuellt sätt.

När denna djupare innebörd av begreppet gemenskap stod klar för mig - gemenskap som något opersonligt och universellt - märkte jag att mycket började hända som gjorde mig glad. Jag fortsatte thärdigt med att inte tänka ut hur det skulle ta sig uttryck och jag fick verkligen uppleva gemenskap på ett härligt och helt oväntat sätt. En känsla av ett mycket personligt eller materiellt kamratskap blir

gärna begränsad och ofta otillförlitlig, men människan, Guds andliga uttryck, inbegriper i sitt väsen den fullständighet som är hennes i Gud. Mänskligt sett visar det sig-i förbättrade relationer till andra. När människor förstår sitt förhållande till Gud är de inte främlingar för varandra, inte heller behöver de glida ifrån varandra.

Ensamhet är alltså en tro på att vi har blivit skilda från det goda. Men människans enhet med Gud, källan till allt gott, är alltid orub-

Mary Baker Eddy, som upptäckte och grundade Kristen Vetenskap, skriver: "Den gudomliga Kärleken har alltid mött och skall alltid möta varje mänskligt behov."2 Och hon gör också detta lugnande uttal "Där Gud är kan vi mötas och där Gud är kan vi aldrig skiljas." 3

Även när man i mänsklig mening skiljs åt behöver detta inte vara något sorgligt, ty såsom dag följer på natt är det inget annat än första steget till att mötas igen. Och skulle vi någonsin kunna skiljas från någon människas sanna jag? Bara genom att inte se det. En det gudomliga Förnuftets ide kan inte skiljas från en annan idé eftersom alla alltid är i Hans närvaro.

En tillfällig avsaknad av vänner kan, oavsett omständigheterna, bli ett tillfälle för oss att vinna ett högre, mer andligt begrepp om gemenskap och därigenom göra det möjligt för oss att bli mer mottagliga, mer lyhörda för det goda som nu omger oss och som vi ännu inte

### Daily Bible verse

I may be comforted together with you by the mutual faith both

of you and me. Romans 1:12

# Reversing a stigma

We live near Black River and we are surrounded by trees. A natural habitat for small creatures called rodents.

I watch with amusement and sympathy the ways and activities of these, my friends. The early morning is quite different from early evening.

Chipmunks, squirrels, rabbits awake, wash their faces, yawn, then scamper off for breakfast. Off I go for the dictionary. There I

find rodent - not a pretty sounding word in itself — and learn a little about burrowing animals including mice and rats. Until the last few years I have

always lived in large cities. There the very word rat or mouse sent a chill down my spine. Why? Was it the unpleasant sound of the name or the build up of a stigma? We don't appreciate the mole or

gopher mounding our lawns, nor the squirrels and rabbits nibbling away the plants, but we do not have the same dislike for them as other rodents and find them interesting and cute. Has the rat and mouse been so hunted and misused that it now senses the antagonism and has become cunning and destructive in order to survive?

It is said that Adam named all living creatures. Did he name or

A name is a very personal possession and a treasured inheritance. Does the rodent know he is a rodent and what does he think? I think he could not care less. Man alone has created the stigma. Birds also have been maligned.

Take the blue jay, called predatory. A recent article in a Wisconsin newspaper asks, "Who says blue lays are bird brains? A Westfield State College, Massachusetts, scientist claims the birds are faster learners than dogs and cats. Dr. Maxwell W. Hunter, who has been studying them for years, adds that contrary to their reputations as scavengers and predators on other birds, blue jays are 'affectionate,' respond to attention (I have proved this), and are strong on family life."

It is now evening and I am again watching the homecomings and preparations for nesting, preceded by a play period — running, hopping, wrestling, singing, cooing, warbling. I am grateful to be a part of it and I am learning to include all.

Lillian R. Bieber

ser. Den gudomliga Kärleken fyller allt skenbart tomrum och ger oss förmåga att välsigna och att ta emot välsignelse.

<sup>1</sup> Matteus 5:33; <sup>2</sup> Vetenskap och hälsa med nyckel till Skriften, s. 494; <sup>2</sup> The First Church of Christ, Scientist, and Mis-cellany, s. 131.

Christian Science (uttalas kri"stjen sai"ans)

# Christian way of healing

The Bible speaks of the great love and compassion that moved Jesus when he healed. In his ministry he turned the thought of those seeking healing to a fuller understanding of God's love and goodness.

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# THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear"

Monday, February 10, 1975

The Monitor's view

**Opinion and commentary** 

## The Soviet factor

As Henry Kissinger flies once view of recent administration text of the Arab-Israeli conflict. Middle East. One factor ever present in the Secretary's thinking is the unend-Soviet Union.

When the Russians were expelled from Egypt, the West breathed a sigh of relief because Moscow had been dealt a severe setback. It had. But the West has learned from experience never to underestimate the prowess of its Communist rival. Soviet influence is far from waning — as witness the waves of political turbulence and uncertainty that now rise from Portugal in the western Mediterranean eastward and southward to the Persian Gulf and Indian Ocean.

The Russians are ensconced in Iraq and are the major supplier of arms to Syria. They are the patron of the Palestine Liberation Organization. They are providing equipment to the Marxist-led rebels in Dhofar Province in Oman as well as to the left-wing government of Southern Yemen.

It is this rising power of Moscow that Saudi Arabia and Iran - and the United States - fear most in the region. The strategic and economic dangers to the West of a loss of the Persian Gulf to Soviet control are self-evident.

Hence Washington is strengthening local military capabilities. According to one report, it is supplying missiles and military instructors to Oman. It is also contracting with a private firm for several hundred veterans of the Vietnam war to train Saudi Arabian troops to protect oil fields a move that brims with irony in

President Ford made an ex-

With unemployment at 8.2 per-

cent at last count and still climb-

ing, with 7.5 million persons out of

work, Mr. Dunlop can have few

illusions about the demands that

He ahead. The administration does

not expect employment to im-

prove much even by election day a

last week in Washington gener-

ated fiery denunciations of admin-

istration policy. It might have

been only a harbinger of what

labor will do in its attempts to

influence Washington. Labor

wants a stronger unemployment

package, expanded health care, as

well as a faster economic recov-

ery and aid for especially hard-hit

In this atmosphere, it would

have been impossible for Mr. Ford

to have recruited another man like

Mr. Brennan from the ranks of

labor itself. Mr. Brennan had been

picked by President Nixon at a

time when the Nixon White House

was wooing the working-class

vote. Brennan's building trades

followers in New York had given

the kind of pro-Vietnam, antistu-

Harvard University last week

honored another venerable but

still lively institution - Eubie

If Mr. Blake were only the

composer of "I'm Just Wild About

Harry" and "Memories of You,"

he would lay his own captivating

claim on the public ear no less

than, say, T.S. Eliot, whose recep-

tion by a Harvard audience at the

peak of his poetic fame came to

mind when Mr. Blake received

repeated standing ovations at the

same classic Sanders Theater Fri-

But, with all due respect, Mr.

Blake performs his works better

than Eliot ever did, and for the

past decade or so of his return

from obscurity he has been prov-

ing that age cannot wither nor

custom stale a man who really

Blake.

day night.

'We're just wild about Eubie'

industries such as automaking.

The rally of 8,000 auto workers

cellent choice in picking John

Dunlop to replace Peter Brennan

as Secretary of Labor.

year and a half hence.

A heavyweight for labor -

again to the Middle East, the statements about possible U.S. crucial issues go beyond the con-military intervention in the

It is disconcerting to watch the current arms build-up in the Pering U.S. strategic contest with the sian Gulf. Many Americans will cynically wonder whether another Vietnam is not in the making. Nor can Israel be happy about the growing flow of weapons to its neighbors.

This makes it all the more urgent that the Arabs and Israelis move swiftly toward a compromise settlement. The longer their tragic conflict remains unresolved, the greater will be the opportunity for Soviet mischief.

Increasingly it is recognized in Washington and in some quarters in Tel Aviv - that the negotiations must soon move to Geneva where the Russians will play a dominant role. The Israelis surely must realize they will have to make early concessions in Dr. Kissinger's piecemeal negotiations if they do not want an early face-up with Moscow.

A failure to move quickly will also make it more difficult for Washington to enhance its influence among the more moderate Arab forces in the Middle East. In general the Arabs do not want to be clients of the Kremlin, but as long as the U.S. is unable to secure Israel's withdrawal from occupied Arab lands they will turn to the Russians for support.

It is thus a complex and dangerous game which now unfolds in the Middle East. The West's security and stability are at stake. It behooves all parties to perceive this and keep the momentum of negotiation going.

dent, hard-hat backing the admin-

Mr. Dunlop, a Harvard econo-

mist seasoned by years of labor

mediation and high-level Washing-

ton experience, is definitely more

a man for the present hour. He

headed the Cost of Living Council

during the third and fourth phases

era. He emerged from the ex-

ercise with his objectivity intact.

He is realist enough to know that

controls may again one day be

tried. If they are, he would favor

an industry-by-industry approach,

instead of applying blanket rules

for an entire economy which could

cause costly and unnecessary

Mr. Dunlop is a man of decided

views. He can be expected to wade

into White House skirmishes

with such outspoken officials as

Treasury Secretary Simon. Labor

leaders expect that Mr. Dunlop

will represent their case accura-

Mr. Ford can expect very vocal

opposition in the coming months

from Democratic labor. But he

has gained a point in choosing a

heavyweight as labor chief, and

not merely someone to hold la-

bor's hand while joblessness soars

and inflation still hangs at a

tour to bring the Blake music to

the campus circuit. And Harvard

obviously agreed, as it rushed Mr.

Blake from event to event — with

students who had inspired the

whole thing complaining that he

had more energy than they did. He

was still going strong at the Fac-

ulty Club at midnight after the

main concert; professors and stu-

dents hung on his sharp-focused

words of reminiscence about his

old partner Noble Sissle, choir

leader Hall Johnson, jazz star

An eloquent footnote to chang-

ing times was Harvard's asking

Mrs. Eva Fisher to take a bow

from the audience. Mr. Blake's

senior by a few years, Mrs. Fisher

ran a Boston rooming house where

he, Duke Ellington, Bill Robinson,

and other black entertainers

Benny Goodman, and others.

double-digit 11 percent rate.

pressures on many industries.

istration liked.

'Hold on a minute . . . I've got Sadat on the line . . . '



Let's think

### A President in the making By Erwin D. Canham

As everyone says, Gerald Ford has begun to look like a president.

Most say it's a good thing, and a few say it's bad. The criticism is largely based on doubts about the President's energy program. There's fear that the speed with which the import tax is being applied may force the nation into ill-considered and harmful actions.

The objections are minimal. Congress has still an open opportunity to construct whatever energy program it considers best, modifying what the President has set in train. Nothing really irrevocable is under way.

And the emergence of a decisive President is an immense gain. President Ford knows, of course, that the new Congress is unpredictable and in many ways adverse to his own longest-held convictions. Perhaps he could have made an alliance with the former baronial leaders of the congressional committees. The new chairmen, pressed by the newly elected contingents in the House, are going to think for themselves.

A pleasing choice

The President's major need is to base his new decisiveness upon advisers and programs which have impressive substance. For this he still requires the recruitment of more capable people. Possibly the most encouraging single step he has taken apart from his general display of energy and decisiveness - was the appointment of Edward Levi as Attorney General. Seldom has such an appointment pleased such a wide range of lawyers and jurists. In no office is genuine independence and firmness of character more

needed. If the new Attorney General is actually able to maintain careful supervision over the Federal Bureau of Investigation - as should have been done down through the years one major reform will be on the way to achievement. It would not be necessary to experiment with difficult and constitutionally uncertain devices for separating the Department of Justice from partisan political control. The job can be done by an attorney general of sufficient integ-

Advantages held

As time goes on, President Ford should learn how to use the wideranging capability of the executive branch. He has immense advantages over Congress, whose committees have inadequate staffs for constructive policymaking, and constant divisions and rivalries within and between the branches.

President Ford also has great handicaps. The adverse majorities of Congress, the manifest present flow of public opinion, the inherited burden of such policies as Indo-China: all these and other elements make his leadership of a decimated minority party

Frankly, I believe Mr. Ford will continue to show strengths, will grow

in office. He relishes his job. He is no mere caretaker. He feels the possibilities of power as the engines of government throb under his hand. He has not shrunk from decisions. Far from it, he has plunged into decisions (like the Nixon pardon) with virtually no consultation and at impulsive speed. He has been burned once or twice, and must know it. It is inconceivable that he does not regret the economic attitudes of last fall, especially the ludicrous WIN buttons.

Wise advice needed

Meantime, the openness and decency of President Ford continue to be great assets. As an experienced legislator, he is used to defeats. He had more of them than he-had of victories in his quarter century in the House. Thus he can live with what Congress does to him in the coming

He will be strong and effective to the degree that he does actually listen to careful, wise advice. Perhaps he will learn a big lesson in the struggle over the energy program. And in the confrontation over aid to South Vietnam, or Cambodia. His worst heritage, which comes not only from the Nixon years, is Indo-China. Already the mistake of going heavily into Vietnam grievously wounded two presidents. It should not destroy a third.

Learning the hard way, Gerald Ford may well turn into an impressive President.

"relatively moderate" and that Israel

should deal with that group, Steven-

son did not go that far. He said,

may now be subjected to new re-

straints and moderating influences."

He did not recommend Israel nego-

All this is to say that among

senators regarded as pro-Israel in the

past Senator Percy may very well be

the "toughest" in his call for Israel to

Further, there are other "old

tlating with the PLO at this time.

There is some hope that the PLO

### Readers write

# Education and population

Unfortunately the Monitor education article by Ralph Staiger contained both erroneous information and oversimplifications.

Mr. Staiger glibly stated: "Population growth in our country is now zero; numbers of pupils in our classrooms have shrunk; the need for new teachers has decreased sharply."

Population growth in this country has not stopped, nor is it likely to do so shortly. The June, 1974, fertility survey conducted by the Census Bureau found that every 1,000 wives aged 18-24 expected about 2,160 children over the course of their lifetimes. Since this number is about equal to the number needed for replacement only, many people assumed ZPG had arrived.

Alas, even if these women prove to be representative of all women in their age group who will ultimately marry and even if they have the number of children they predict, the population will continue to grow for a number of years. . . . The latest population estimate from the Census Bureau figures that births exceeded deaths last year by about 1,200,000.

As to numbers of schoolchildren: it is true that the number of births declined from 1960 to 1968, increased somewhat from 1968 to 1971, and resumed declining from 1971 until now. Can we thereby conclude that the number of births will continue to decline if not ad infinitum, at least for the next 10-15 years? The answer to this is not a simple no: it is that we cannot know with great certainty what will happen. The decrease in births in the '60s reflected changes in

the age of marriage, in the timing of births, and in the desired family size The decreases in the '70s reflect as well the availability of legal abortions and the uncertain, not to say gloomy. economic picture.

Women cannot postpone child. bearing indefinitely and still have children. In this country it is also highly unlikely that a majority of women will delay marriage beyond age 25 (four years above the current median). We can reasonably conclude that even the current economic conditions cannot retard an upturn in births indefinitely.

As hiring figures for new teachers attest, the market for new teachers has decreased sharply since 1968. The drop in the birthrate and the subsequent drop in elementary school enrollment was only one of the contributing factors. The demand for teachers depends not only upon changes in the number of students to be educated but upon changes in the quality of education desired and in the replacement rate of current teachers.

In this country, relatively few teachers plan to teach until retirement age. But the current recession has probably lowered the rate at which teachers can voluntarily leave their profession.

Another consideration is that formerly many women planned to retire. if not permanently, at least for a goodly number of years when they began childbearing. Given the probable effect of the women's movement, the availability of quality child care facilities, and the provisions now often made for a year or two of maternity leave without loss of employment, the rate at which women leave teaching for "traditional" reasons should also be going down.

All the above factors acting in concert have reduced the demand for teachers at the same time the large birth cohorts from the late '40s and the '50s have flooded into the labor force. The resultant glut is totally understandable; how long it will persist is another question, not easily resolvable.

B. Meredith Burke Department of HEW

Washington

Men's year 1976?

To The Christian Science Monitor Re: Your editorial "Women's year

What we need now are more happy families with women as the center of the home and fathers taking a more active role in child rearing; not children being shipped off to a da care center while the mother works. I have never known a family in which the mother works that I consider to be happy. Ironically, these people often say that they must work for economic reasons, when better economy could in fact be achieved by eliminating the child care bills, convenience foods, and other expenses resulting from the

mother working. In regard to the sports confrontation, I certainly do not see how the women's sports advocates expect colleges to fund programs that do not return revenues, as men's sports do. In most "big money" sports, the women's versions are, let's be honest, plainly not as exciting from a paying spectator's point of view.

In all fairness, is 1976 going to be men's year? James C. Perkins

Morrisville, Vt.

Buckley vs labor law To The Christian Science M

The editorial "William Buckley ve labor law" leads this reader to believe there is need of clarification about the function of AFTRA. (American Federation of Television and Radio Art-

First, the union does not influence or restrict the views of any member. Mr. Buckley certainly has the prerogative of not joining AFTRA if he is anti-union. He may not need the many benefits AFTRA offers. Most of us are grateful for them.

Mr. Buckley may speak editorially on any radio or TV station without being obliged to join, but the activity in question is his talk show. This is usually with one or more guests and a participating audience, on which Mr. Buckley acts as moderator - and, incidently, espouses his own opinions. It is an interesting, informative program and belongs in the category of entertainment. Therefore, if Mr. Buckley wishes to continue as a performer, he should be willing to subjugate his personal prejudice and join the majority of performers who desire the protection of AFTRA mem-

There are many ways we all make concessions to benefit the majority. Isn't that part of democracy in action?

New York Shirley Howard AFTRA Member

Letters expressing readers' views are welcome. Each receives editorial consideration though only a selection can be published and none individually

Israel and what it may want in the way of military aid. acknowledged. All are subject to condensation.

Toward conciliation in the Mideast By Godfrey Sperling Jr.

Washington What Republican Sen. Charles H.

Percy said about the need for Israel to avoid a preemptive war and move now toward conciliation really doesn't go too far beyond what his Democratic colleague from Illinois, Sen. Adlai Stevenson, III, said recently at a dinner in Chicago when he was being honored as Israel bond "man of the year.''

In that speech, which got little if any national attention, Mr. Stevenson, within the context of expressing complete support for Israel, made it clear that if Israel moved to preemptive war it would lose the backing of the United States. The key statement was this: "A preemptive strike by Israel . . . would be followed by an oil embargo against all the major oilconsuming nations. Such a strike, however much disguised, would forfeit U.S. support for Israel, and cause world depression."

Now Senator Percy's central argument was also that a preemptive war would lose U.S. backing. He was more specific than Stevenson, asserting that support for Israel from the Senate, under those circumstances. would likely not be there.

Stevenson also suggested conciliation by Israel - but he put it in gentler words, indicating he thought both Israelis and Arabs were now of a mood to compromise.

Senator Percy was more specific. He said Israel should act to seek an accommodation by moving back now "essentially to the 1967 borders." And he went on to say that if there were not such a move to conciliation on Israel's part, it could no longer "count

on" the 70 senators who, he said, have always gone all-out to provide appropriations for aid to Israel.

The point here is this: Percy stirred

up a hornet's nest of displeasure within the Jewish community in Chicago - as well as elsewhere in Jewish-American centers - as the result of his words. Many Jews regarded the Percy comments as indicating a senator they long had regarded as a friend on the Israeli issue had deserted them. Stevenson evoked no such criticism, again because his words were clothed in a speech largely directed toward reaffirming his backing of Israel.

Lost in the news stories (or, at least in the headlines) on Percy published in Chicago was the fact that the Senator also went out of his way to stress his support for maintaining and protecting Israel. He even went so far as to say the U.S. should furnish troops if Israel were invaded and asking for such help in order to survive. He said that such military help should be done within the framework of an international police force, if at all possible.

What may have nettled the Jewish community - and this facet of the Percy position was more widely publicized - was that Mr. Percy said he would favor the use of a similar international force to step in and help the Arabs if Israel invaded and the Arabs called for help.

But what also unsettled many was Senator Percy's comment, made after having spent several weeks in the Mideast, that he thought the Palestine Liberation Organization was now

be conciliatory in the Mideast or face the consequences in the Senate: But Stevenson has also been just as close to Jews who strongly support Israel and who are so influential on this issue in Congress. And, while speaking much more softly, he clearly hinted that Israel had better watch its step now in dealing with the Arabs or it might lose congressional support.

friends" of Israel in the Senate - and in the House, too - who are taking a closer, longer look at Israel and its requests for aid. They haven't spoken out yet. In fact, one may have to wait for their votes before they make their reluctance on this issue clear. But close-in watchers of the congressional scene say a new mood is developing in Congress. It is not anti-Israel in thrust. It is simply a tendency of Congress — and, particularly, those who are called "friends of Israel" in Congress — to take a harder look at

Mr. Sperling is chief of the Washington bureau of The Christian Science Monitor

stayed in the days when they were knows how to play the plano. So university spokesmen rightly not welcome at the downtown said that Harvard was honoring hotels. That was "far back, far back." Mrs. Fisher now recalls. itself in honoring Mr. Blake on his 92nd birthday. "We're just wild about Eubie," sang Emme Kemp Eubie Blake at Harvard was both a reminder of progress and a heartlifting ragtime challenge to and Mary Louise, two fellow entertainers who are beginning a keep it going.